

# Japan's Experiences for Digital Terrestrial TV Broadcasting part-1

## *Studio perspective*

*SET 2007 Congresso*

*Aug. 24<sup>th</sup>, 2007*

**DiBEG Japan**

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**DiBEG**

Digital Broadcasting Expert Group

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- ☐ ***Master control system***
- ☐ ***Contents distribution center***
- ☐ ***Audio production***
- ☐ ***STL***
- ☐ ***Digital television broadcasting optical fiber network***

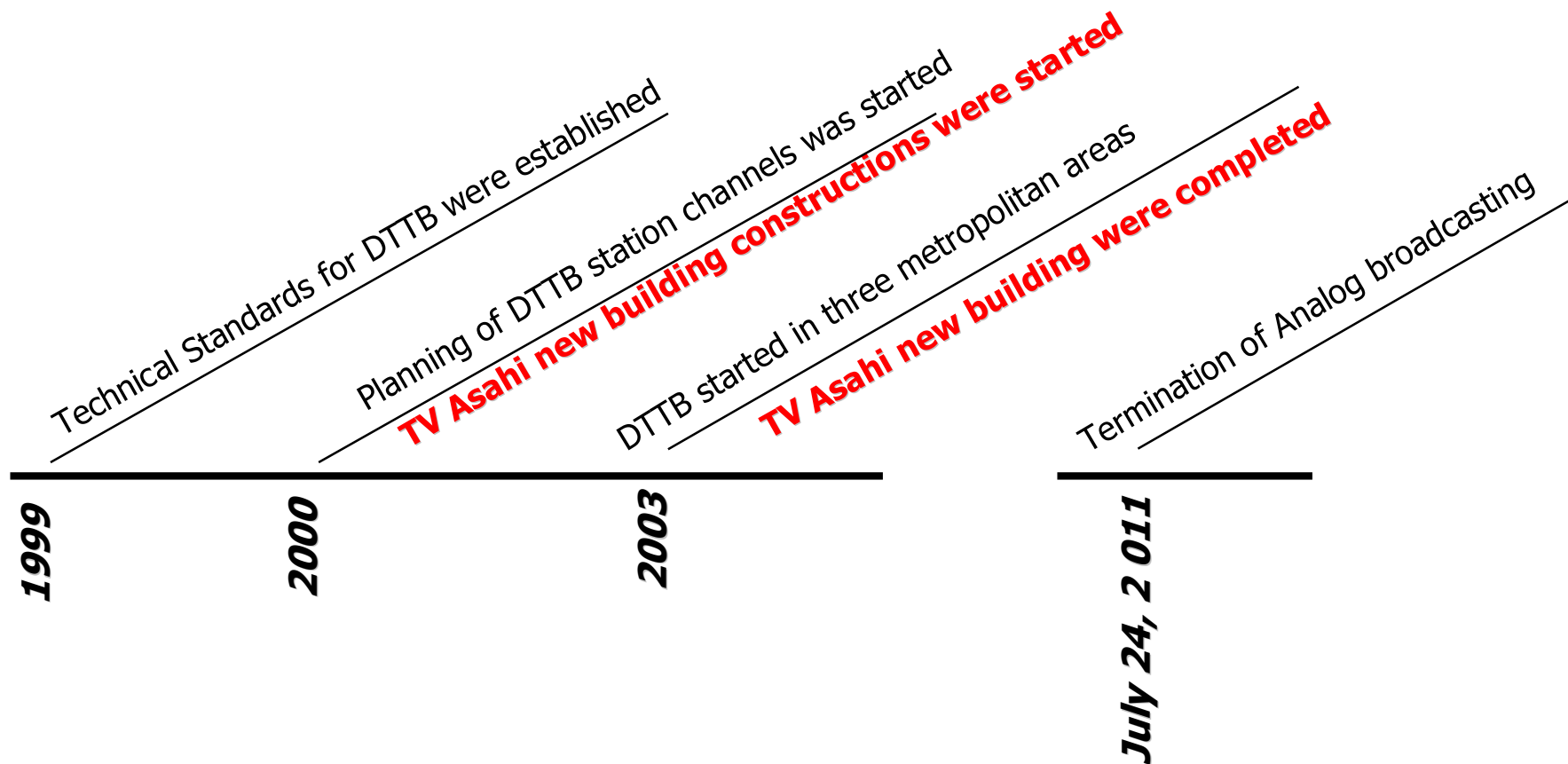


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# ***Implementation of Digital television studio***

# Migration Plan

## Schedule for Digitalization of Broadcasting in Japan

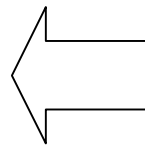


# Shifted to the new site

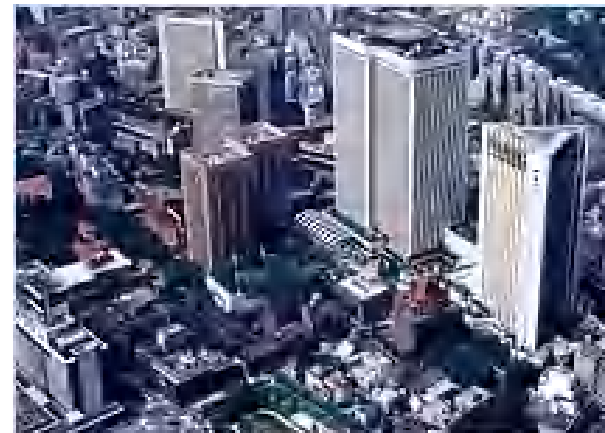
***TV Asahi's Head Quarter was shifted to new site of "Roppongi hills" from Ark Hills premise on Mar.2003. to secure the space of new digital broadcasting facilities and to commence digital terrestrial broadcasting on Dec. 1<sup>st</sup>, 2003 .***



*Roppongi Hills*



***Mar31<sup>st</sup>.2003  
moved***



*Ark Hills*

# ***Construction of the new building***



## **Building Outline**

**Construction period: Aug.1<sup>st</sup> 2000–Mar.31<sup>st</sup>2003**

**Building Area: 9,469.74m<sup>2</sup>**

**Number of Stories: eight stories above the ground and three underground stories.**

**Total Floor Area: 73,700.43m<sup>2</sup>**

**Power Supply: 66kV Loop Substation**

**Private Power Generator: Gas Turbine PG. 3,500kVA 6.6kVx2**

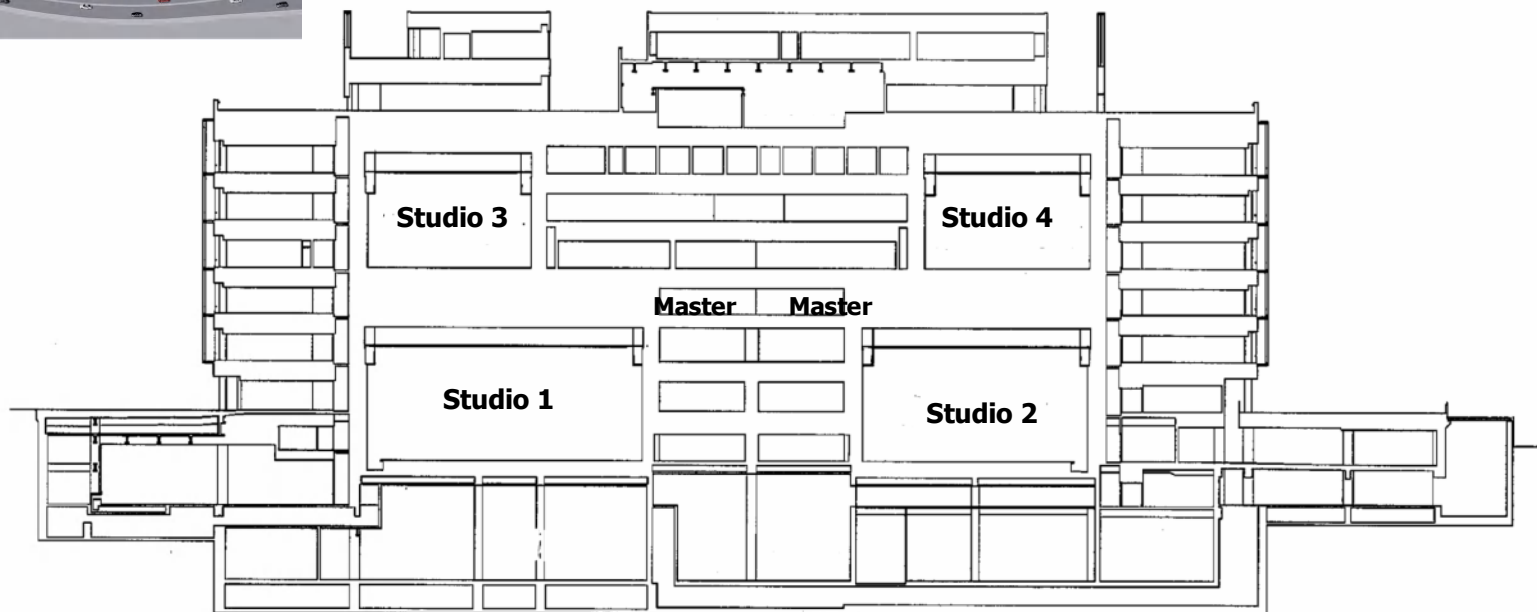
**UPS: 1000KVAx2 Redundant operation**

Construction progress

# ***New building***



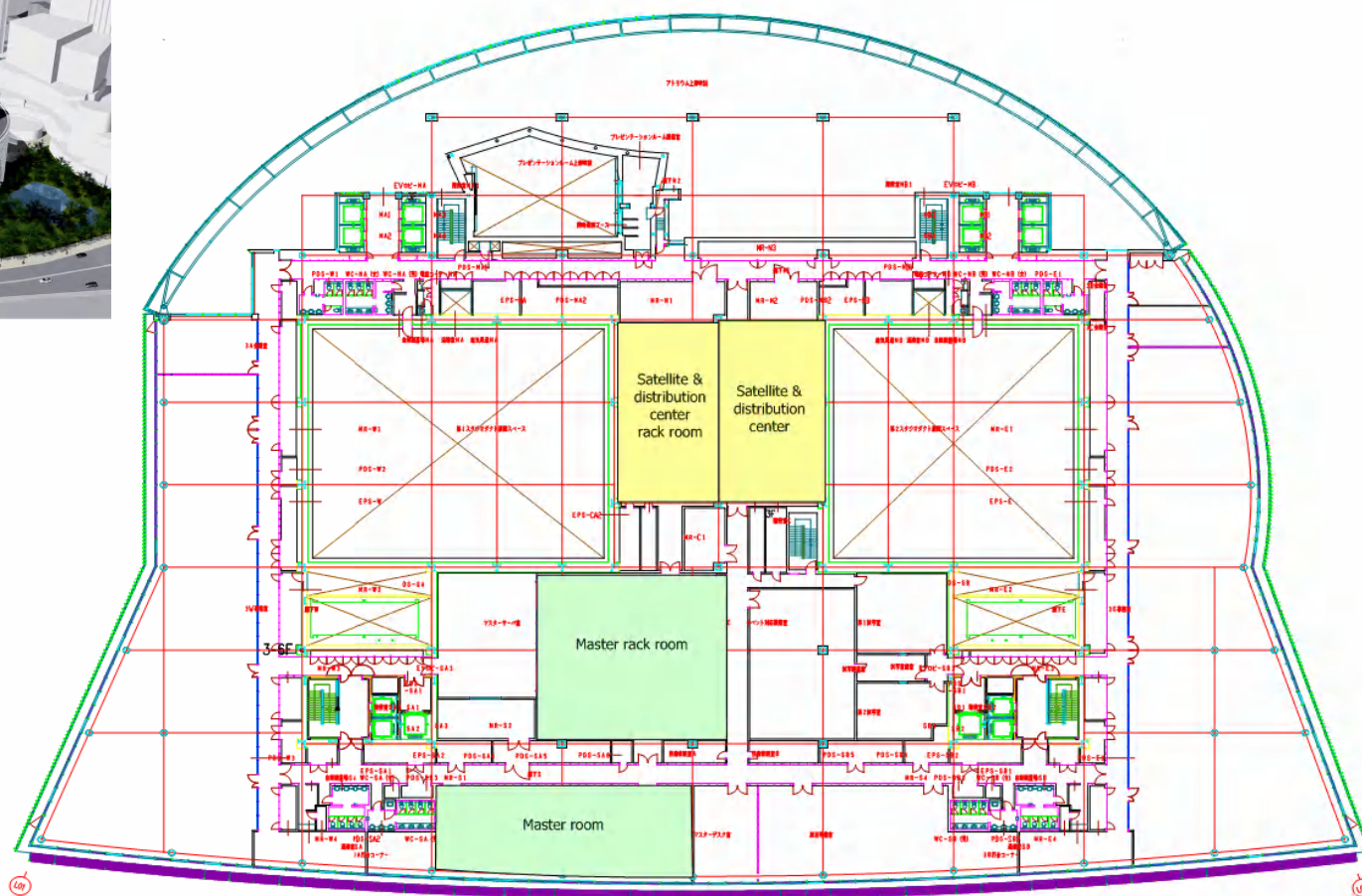
***TV Asahi has installed full digital broadcasting systems for Analogue & Digital terrestrial television broadcasting at new building.***



Cross-section view



# New building



Plan view 2nd floor



## ***Technical design concept***

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- 1.Full HD-SDI & Full digital system in house**
- 2.System phase management**
- 3.One source-multi use**

# ***Digital signal interface***

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## **1. Digital HD**

**HD-SDI (1080i) BTA S-004B (SMPTE-292M)**

**Component serial digital**

**1080i/59.94Hz**

## **2. Digital SD**

**SMPTE-259M (270Mbps)**

**Component serial digital**

## **3.Embedded audio**

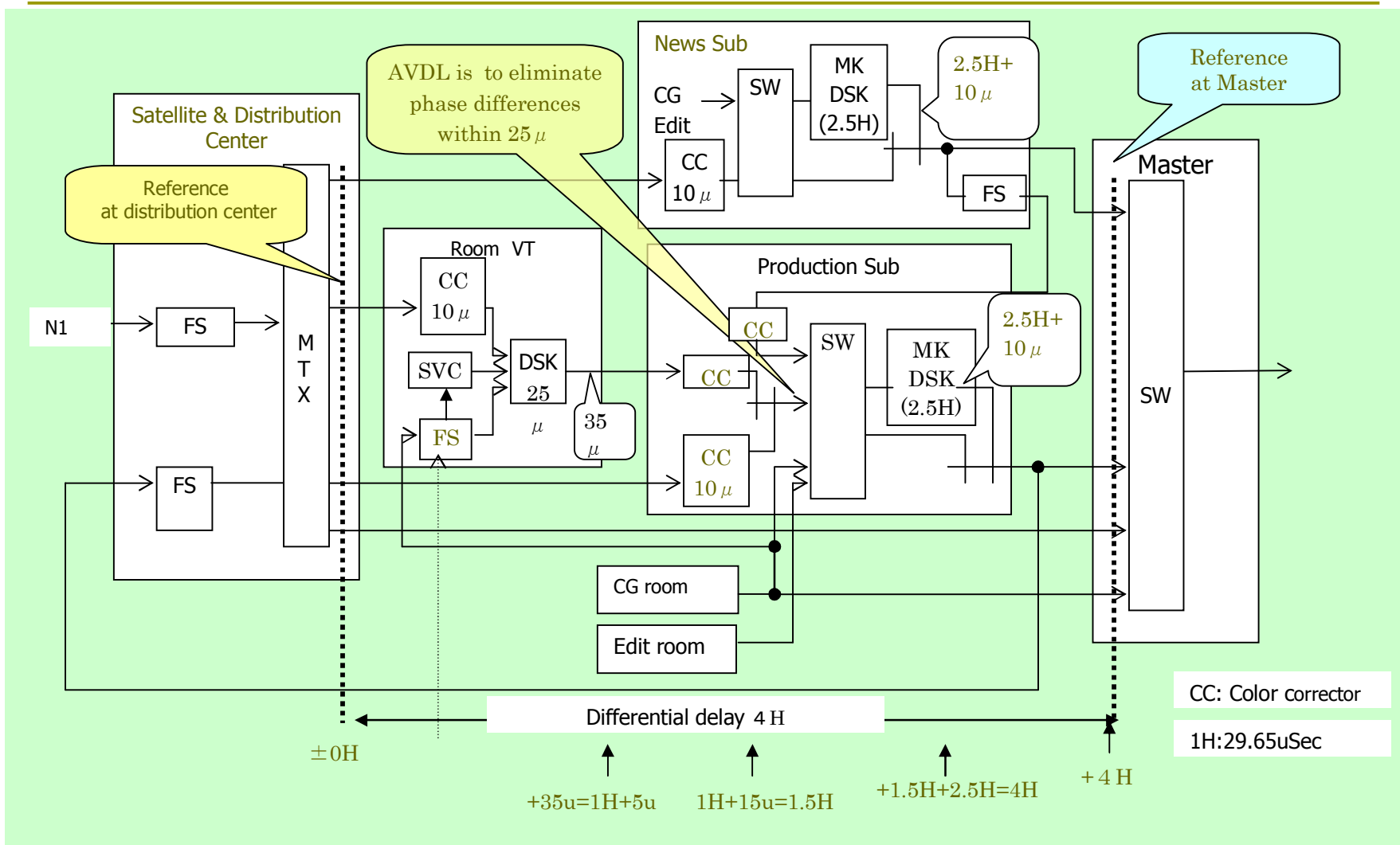
**SMPTE-299M**

**8ch:equivalent of AES/EBU 4pair/Fs48kHz/24bit**

# ***System phase delay management 1***

- 1. HD signal is primary used in the house.**
- 2. In the house, the signal from the distribution center is the least and the signal from the studio is the most delayed.**  
**Because the studio equipments such as switcher, MK/ DSK, color corrector generate latency.**
- 3. To maintain seam-less switching at the studio, input signal to switcher should be no phase delay difference.**
- 4. AVDL (Automatic video delay line) is the device to cancel the phase differences automatically.**

# System phase delay management 2



# *Master system*



# ***Requirements of Master System***

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## **□Multi format solution**

rate-free matrix 1080i/720p/480p/480i

## **□Multi channel solution**

up to three SD programs

## **□High reliability**

three redundant system

current/backup/test or maintenance

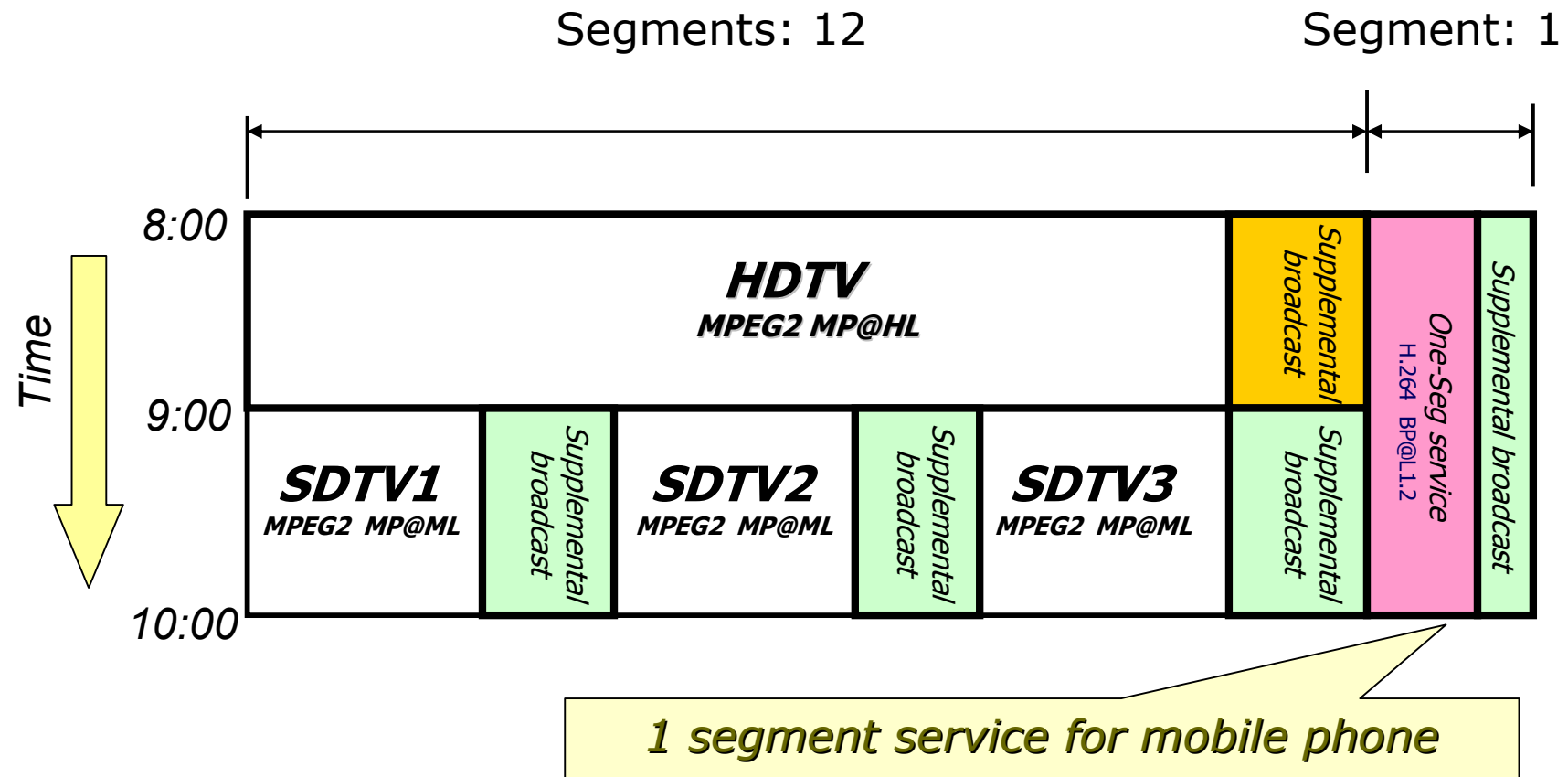
## **□High flexibility**

Easy expansion and renovation

## **□Effective use of servers**

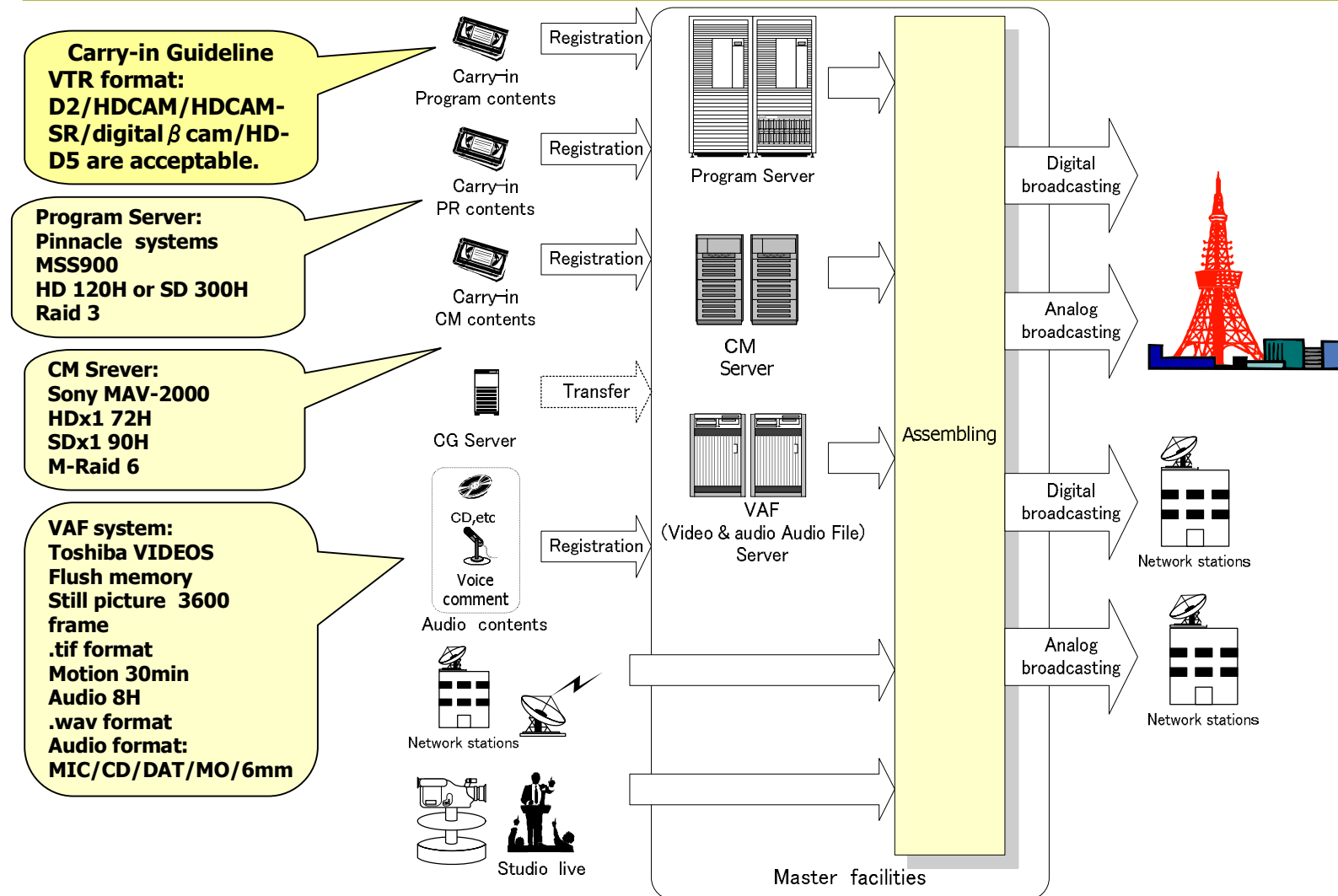
CM server/program server/CG server

# Required applications



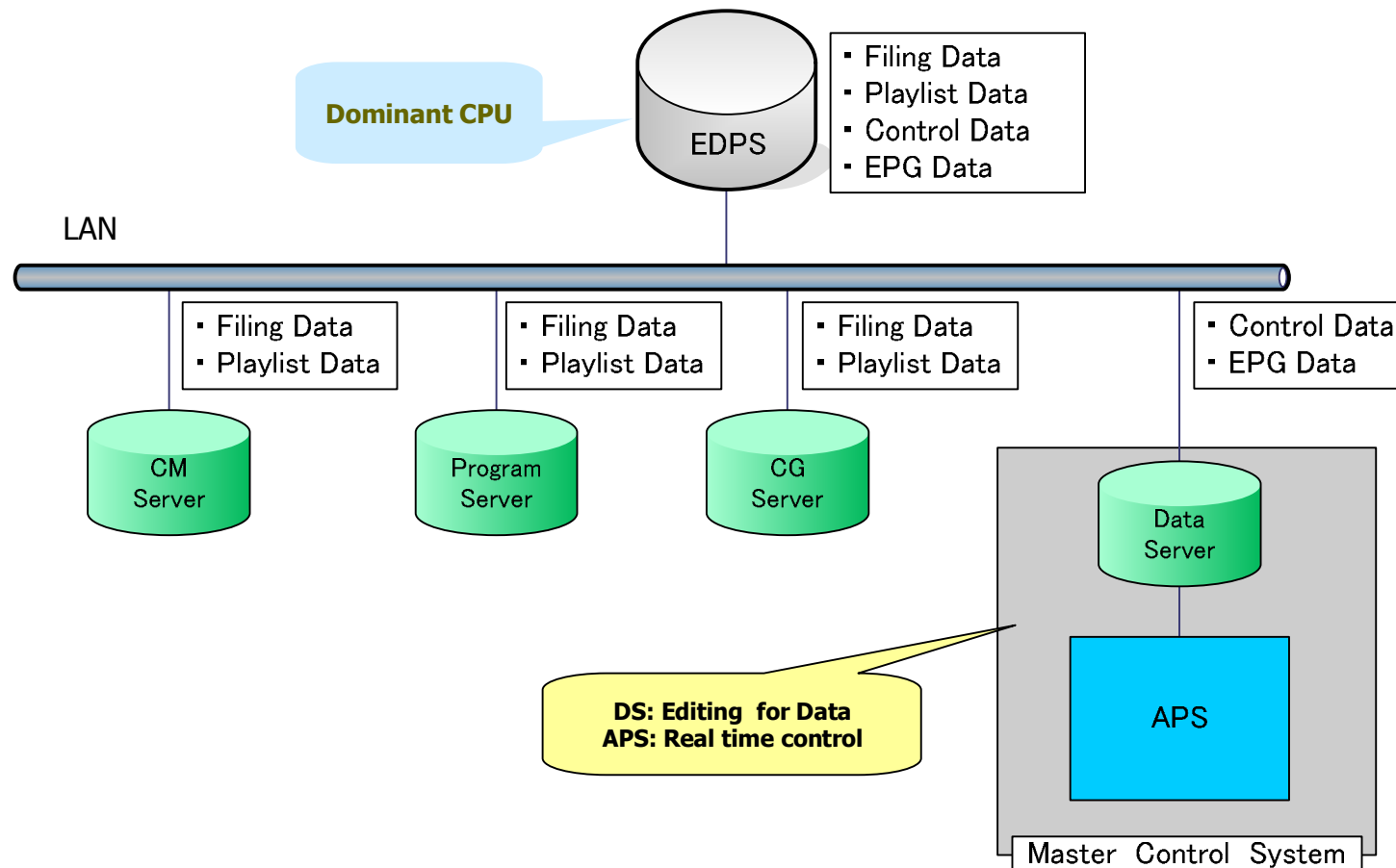


# Conceptual diagram of Master



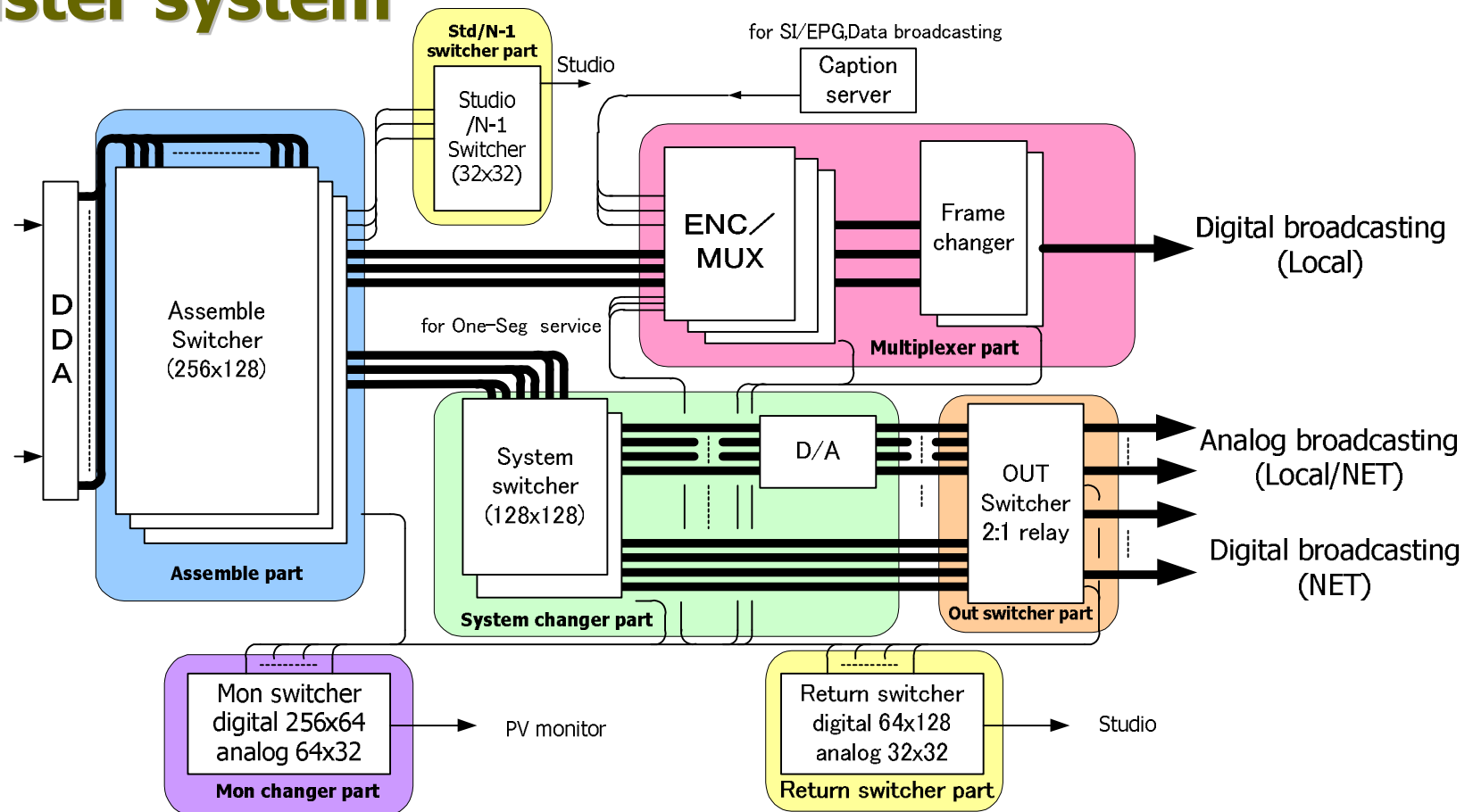
# Conceptual diagram

EDPS (management of business & broadcasting data processing system) manages program and CM material data.



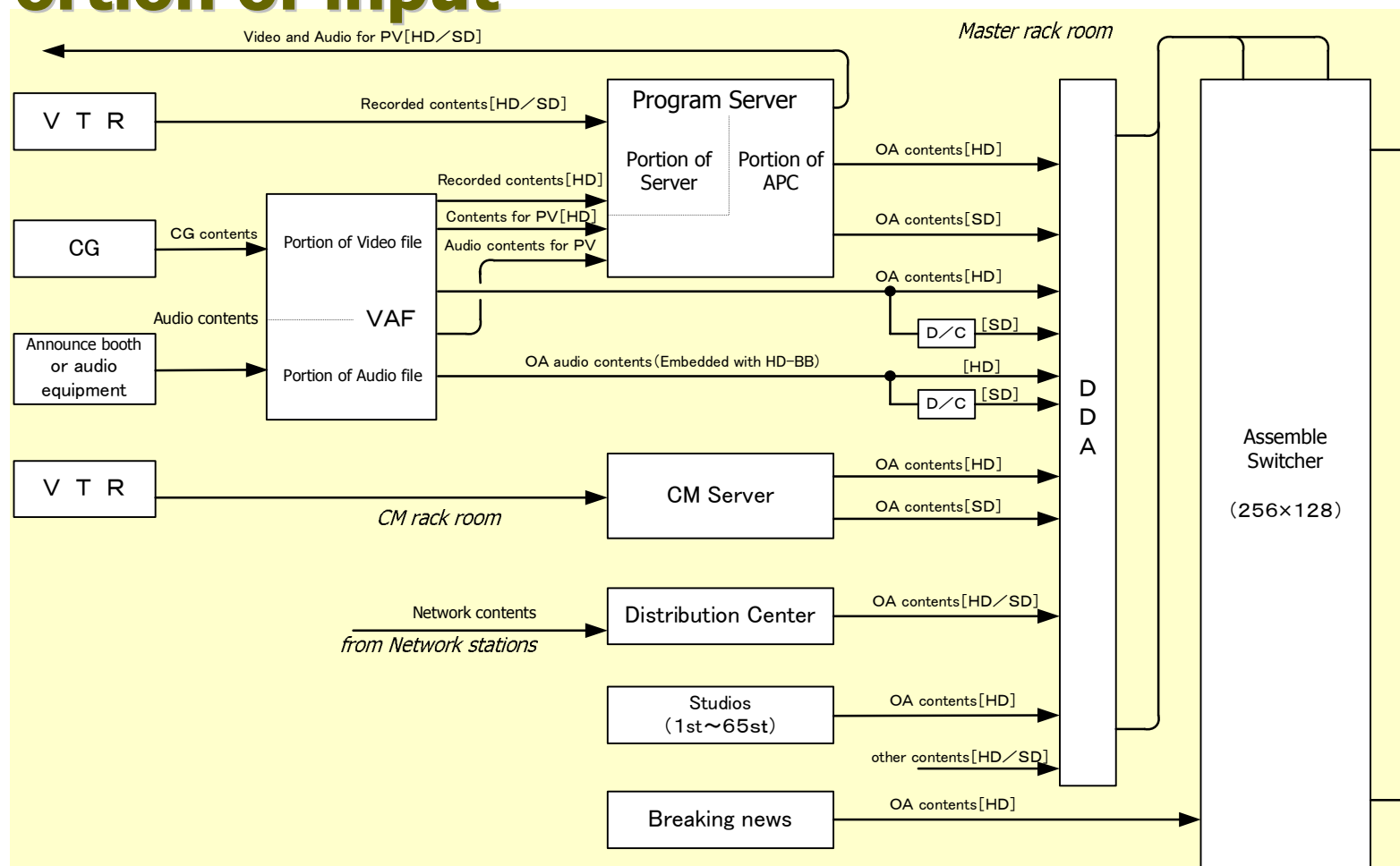
# Conceptual diagram

## Master system



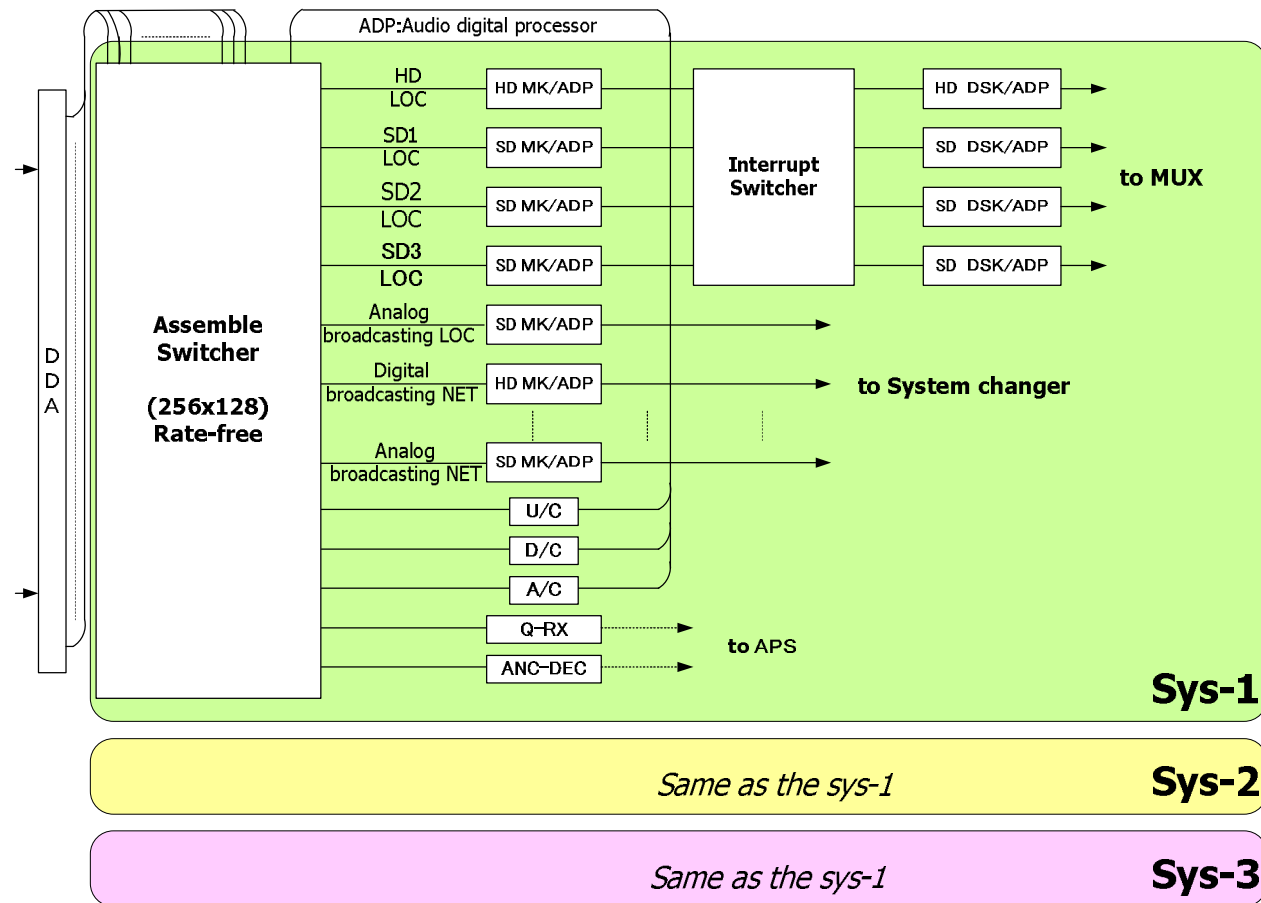
# Conceptual diagram

## Portion of input



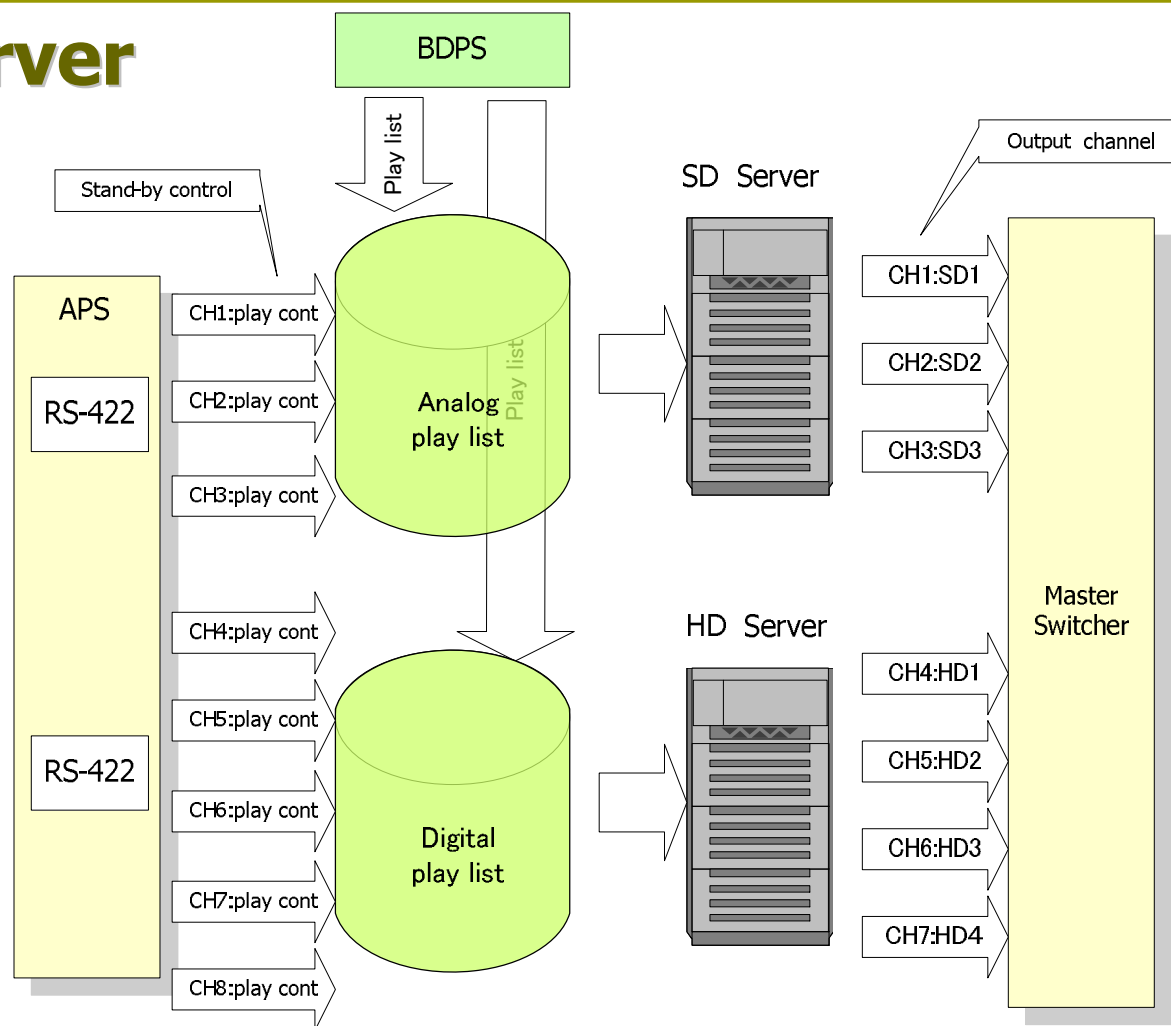
# Conceptual diagram

## Portion of assembling



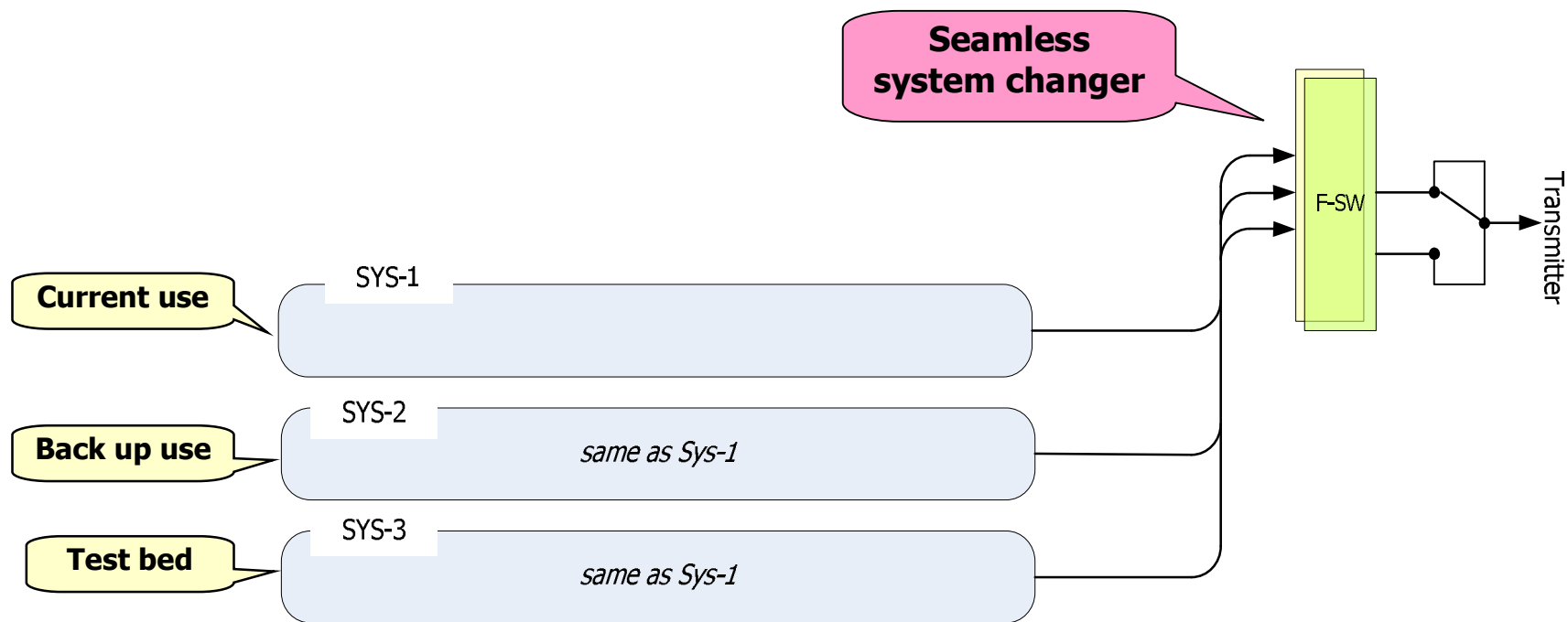
# Conceptual diagram

## CM Server



# Three redundant system

***Provision of test environment is essential in the age of digital.***





## ***HD/SD switching failure***

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**TV Asahi's master system conforms with ARIB STD B21 "Receiver for digital broadcasting", appendix 1 "the method of switching the video format".**

**Therefore, seamless switching is assured even HD to SD or from SD to HD program.**

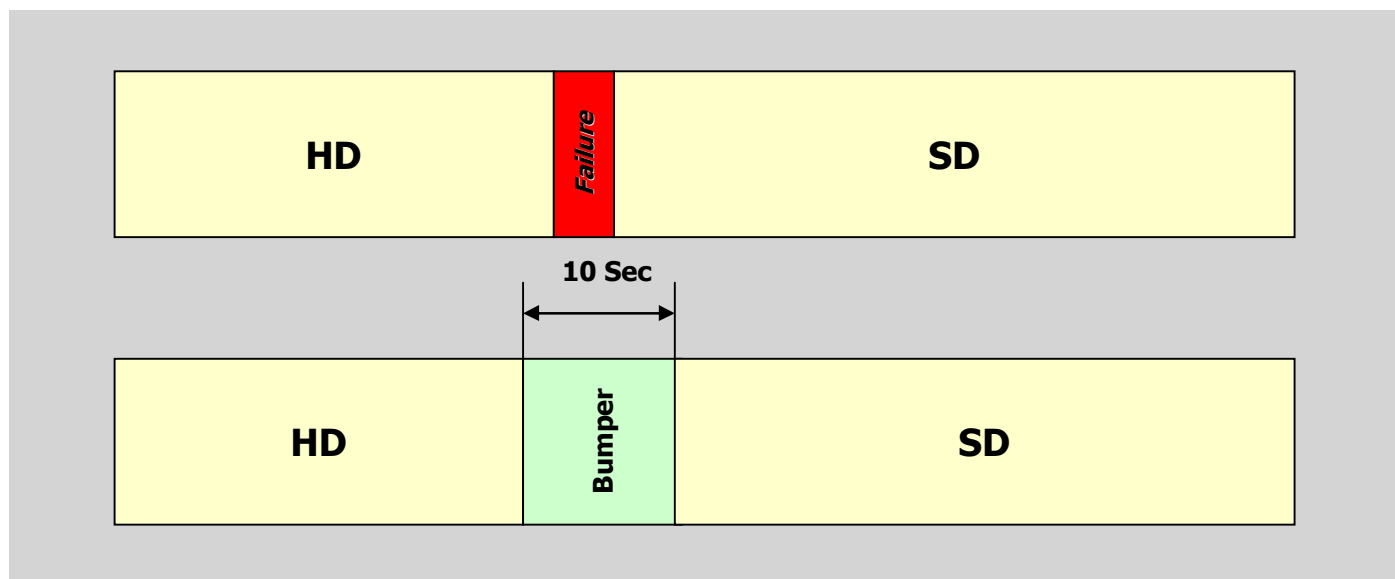
**However, unfortunately it is true that seamless-switching-incapable receivers are in the marketplace.**

**To prevent video failure for the non-standard receivers, TV Asahi provides "Guideline of carrying in contents".**

## ***HD/SD switching failure***

**TV Asahi's guideline of carrying in contents:  
"to prevent switching video failure".**

**10 second bumper such as no value picture is required to be inserted between SD and HD program.**



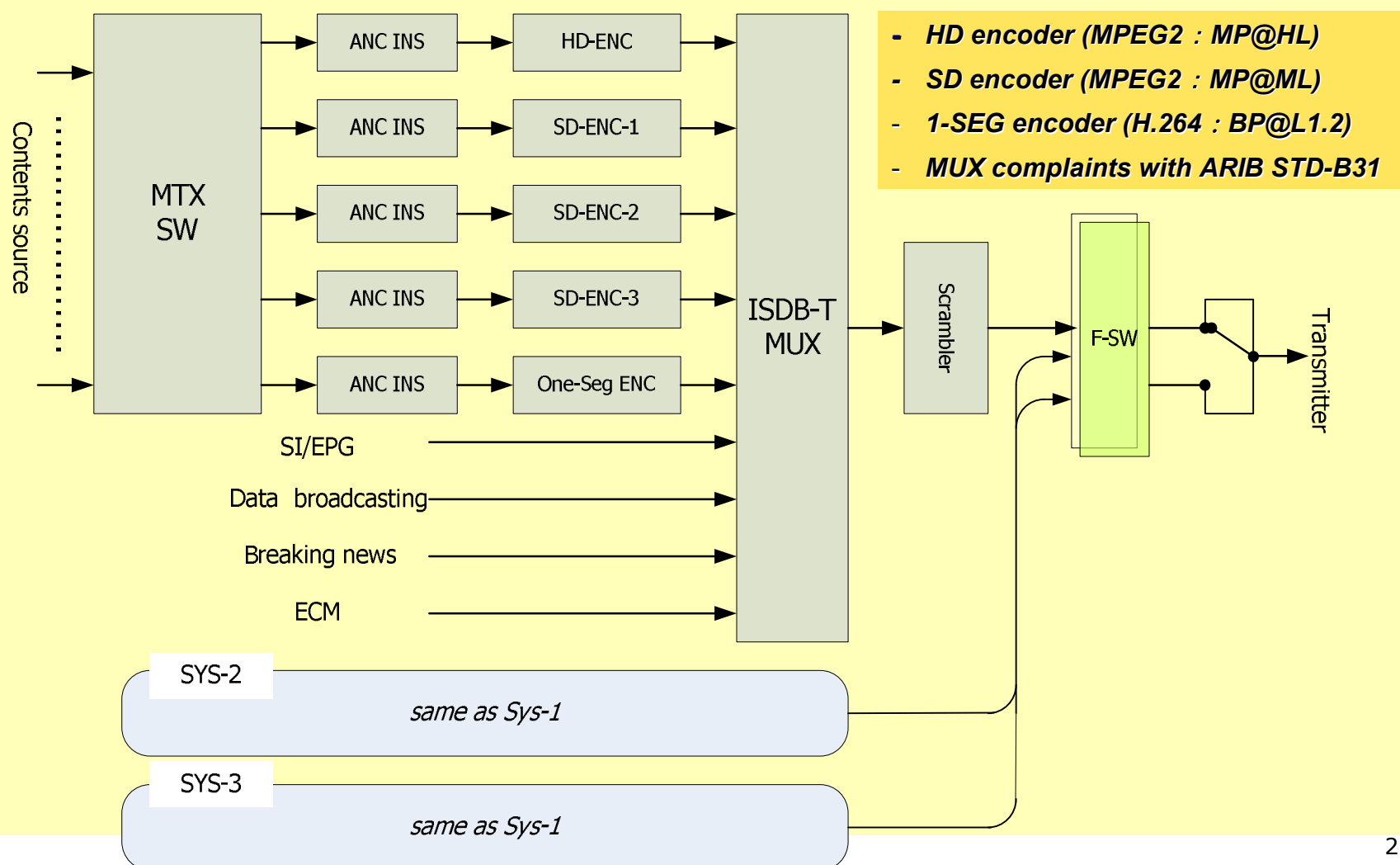
# ***APS (Automatic program control system)***

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## **Feature**

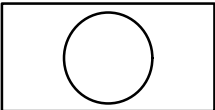
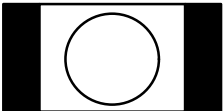
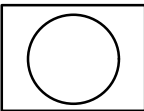
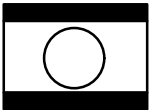
- Assembling and delivery**
- Rate-free matrix for assembling**
- Format conversion with D/C, U/C**
- Aspect conversion with A/C**
- Embedded audio processing**
- Caption broadcasting**
- Data broadcasting**

# Encoder, MUX

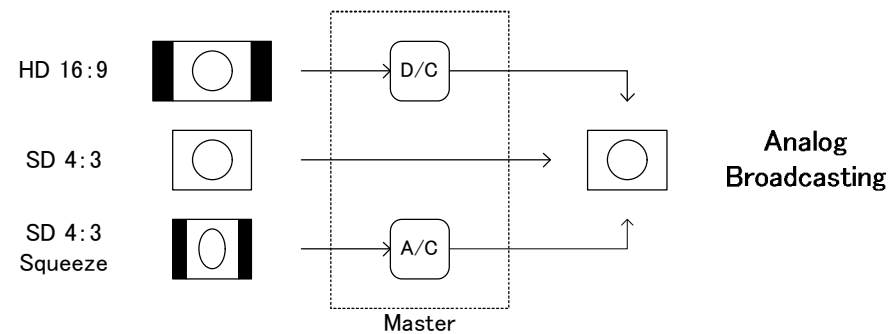
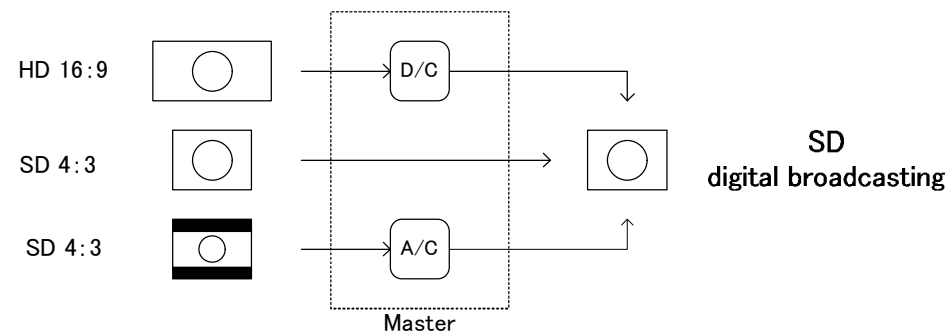
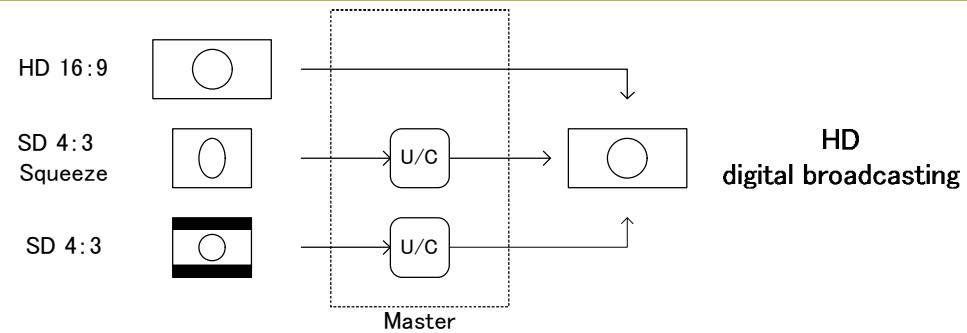


# Aspect ratio converter 1

## Example of aspect converting

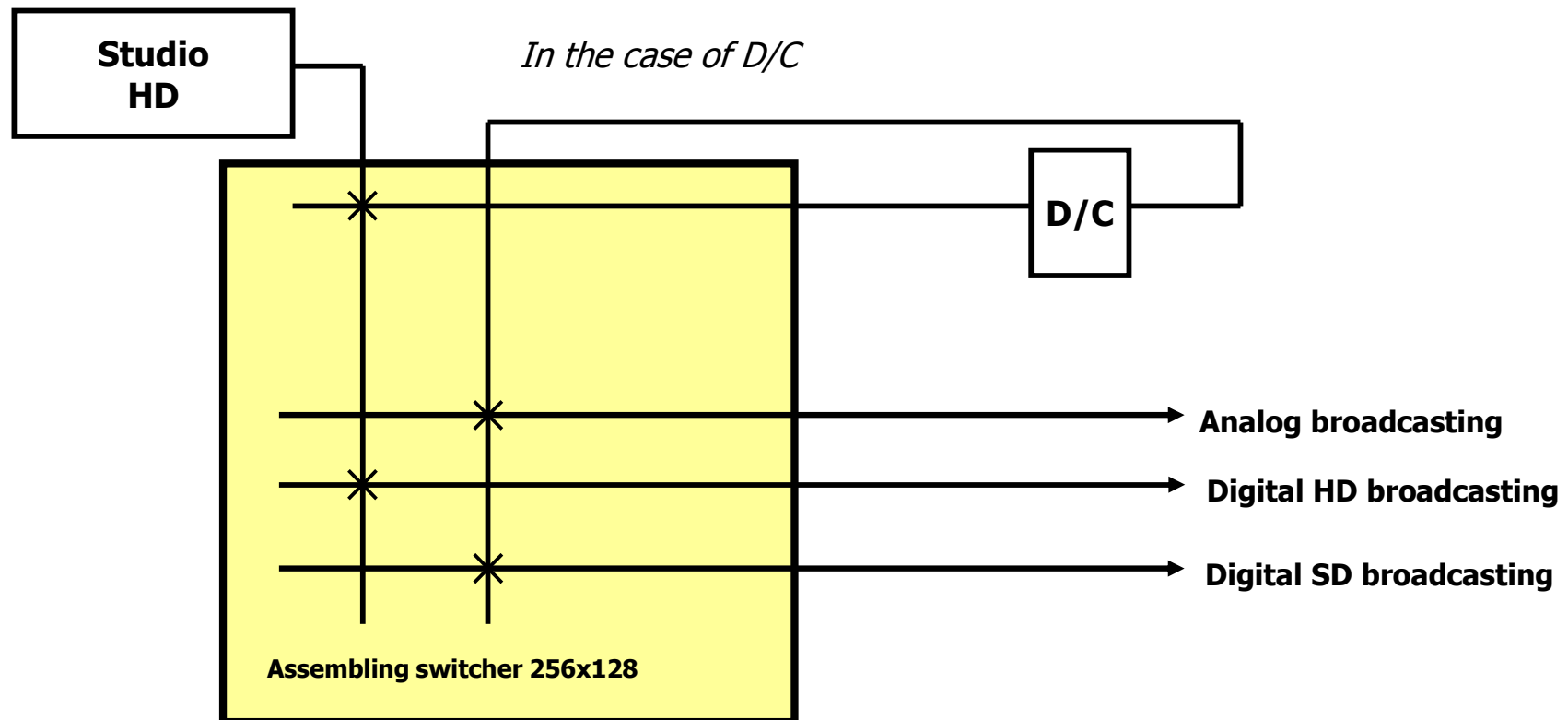
Input format			Output format		
Format	Aspect ratio	Sample picture	HD 1080i	Analog	
				no designation	designation
HD	16:9		No operation	D/C letter box	D/C side cut
	4:3		No operation	D/C side cut	no request
SD	4:3		U/C side panel	No operation	no request
	16:9		U/C vertical clearance	No operation	no request

# Aspect ratio converter 2



# Re-entry switcher

To eliminate the pre-switcher, TV Asahi introduced re-entry switcher. Re-entry is effective for compact size of system.





# ***Test environment is essential factor***

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## **Necessity of redundant system and test environment**

***In the digital broadcasting age, test environment is essential factor .***

***Because in contrast with analog signal performance , TS signal performance is quite difficult to determine the reason of sudden failure.***

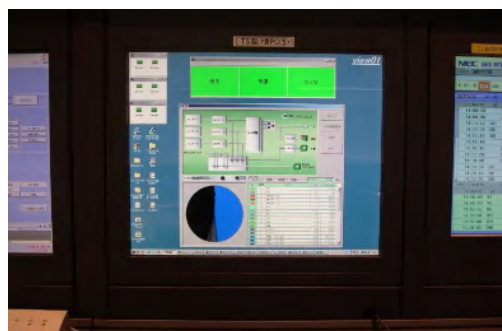
***Therefore redundant system is essential, in the case of sudden failure, system change from current to back up is single correct answer.***

***Furthermore, system 3 is utilized as test bed for verification of event ignition time.***

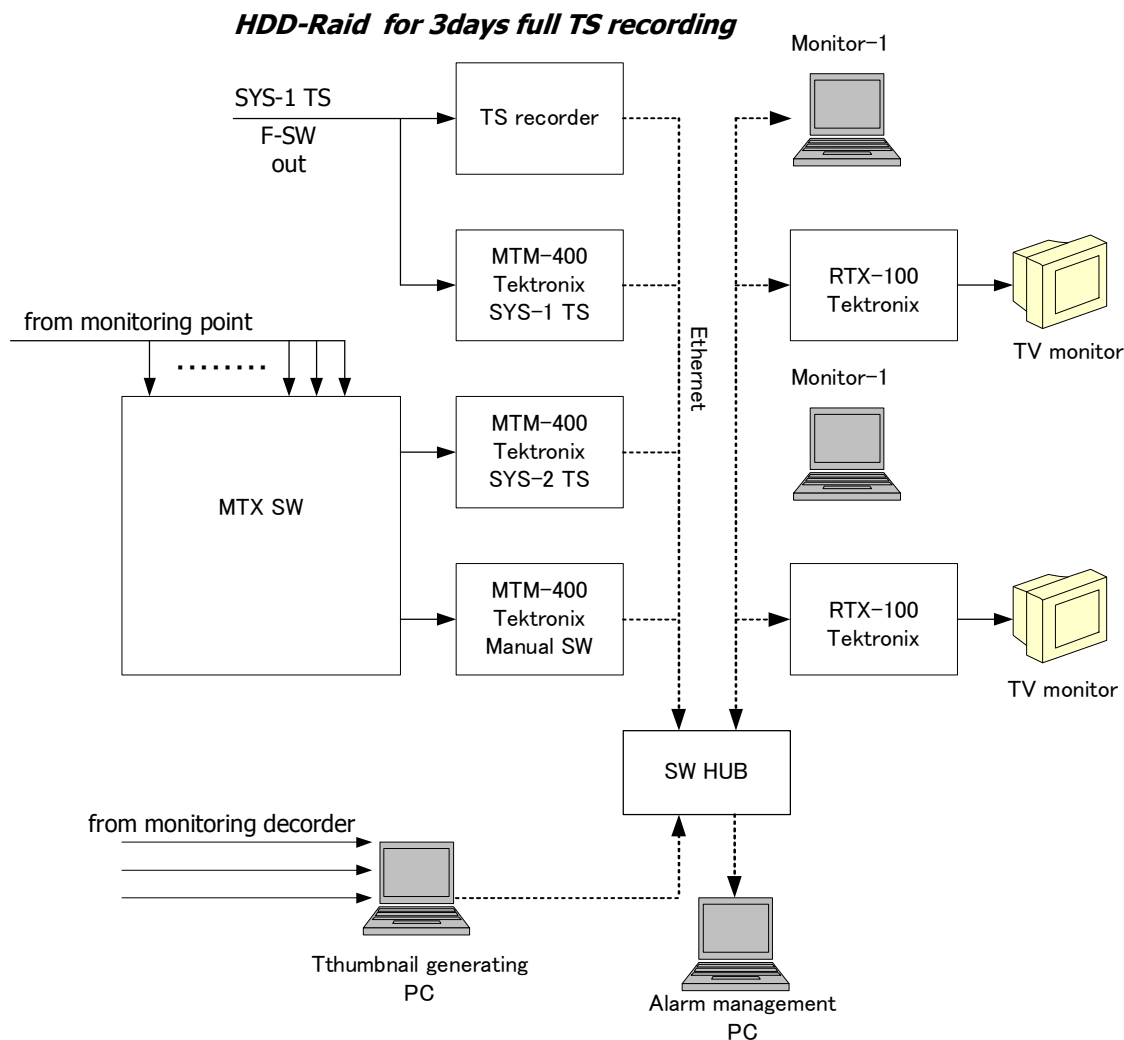
# TS monitoring and recording system



**MTM400**



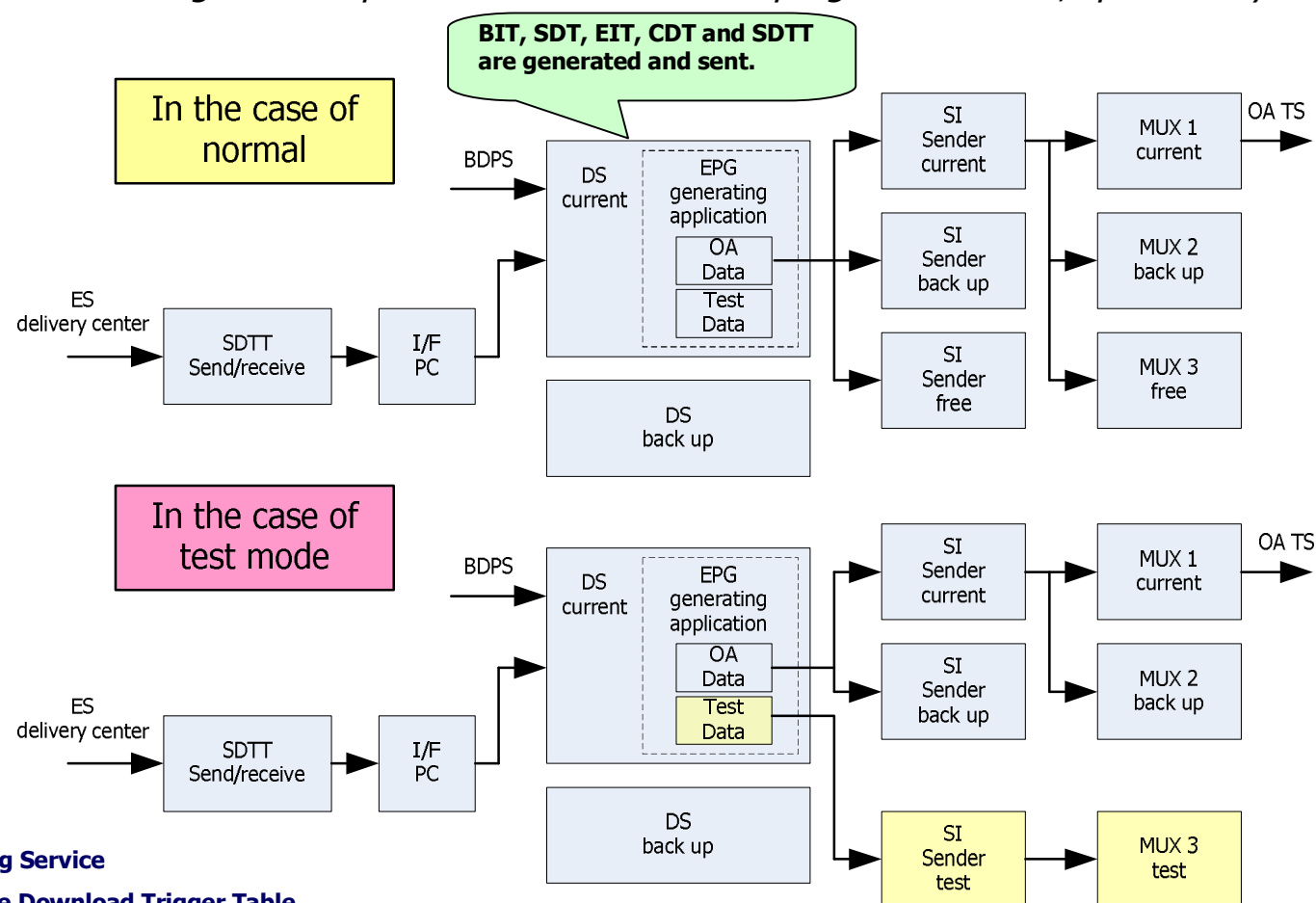
**TS monitor**



# SI/EPG system

## SI: Service Information

Various information designed to improve the convenience of program selection, specified by the ARIB standard.



**ES : Engineering Service**

**SDTT : Software Download Trigger Table**

# *Contents distribution center*

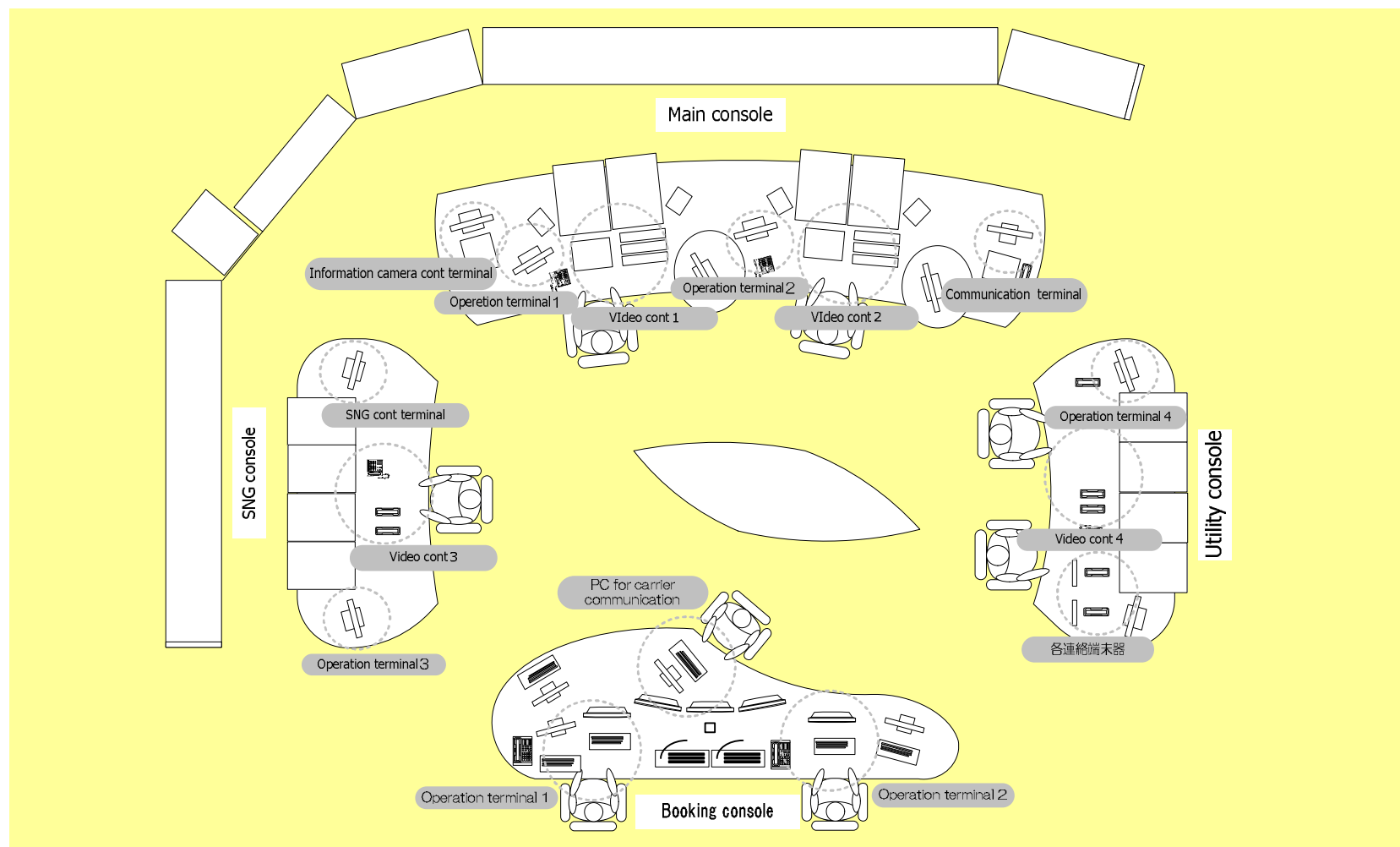


# ***Design concept***

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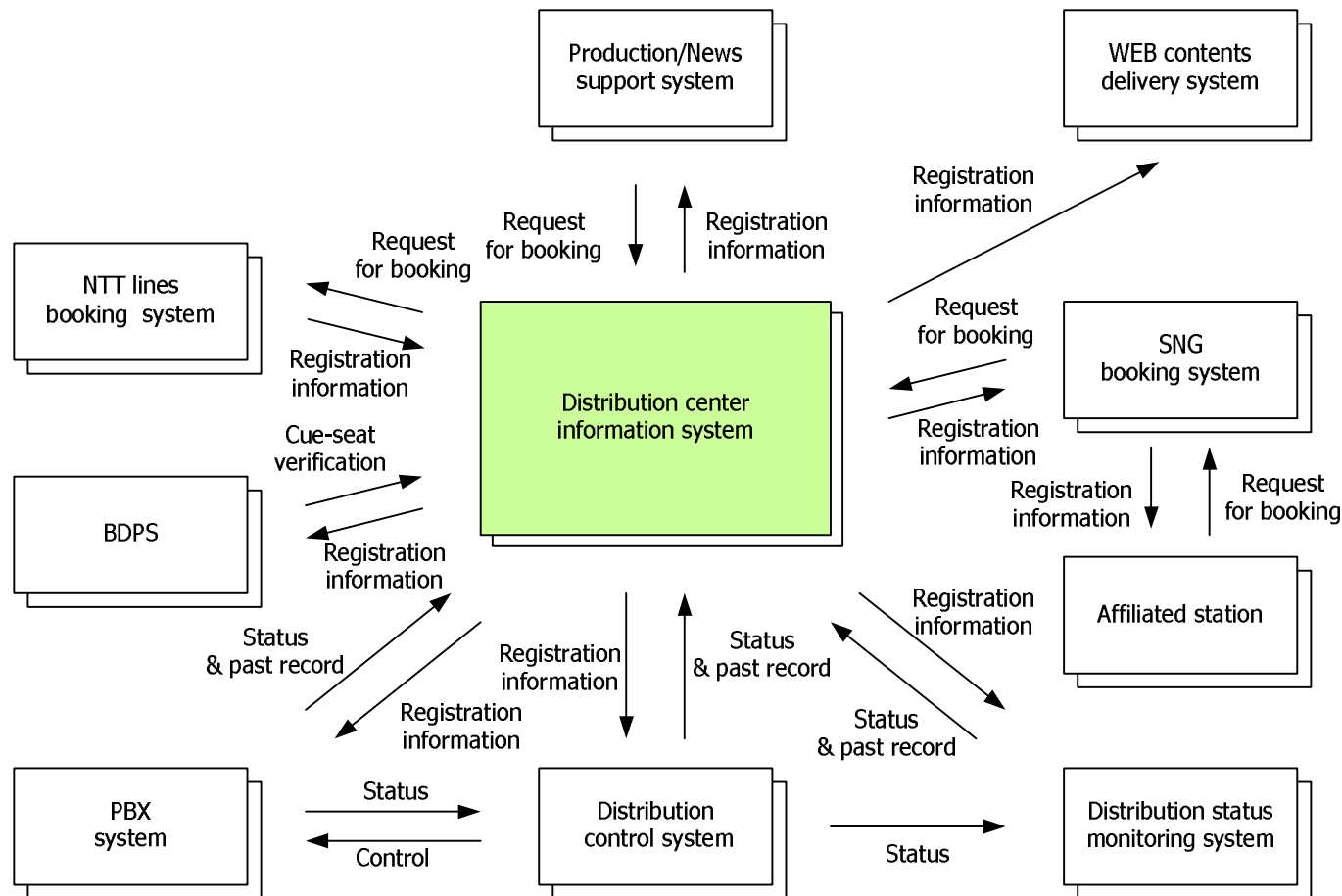
- ***Centralized information management with any PC terminals.***
- ***Realization of multitasking, such as coordinating of SNG, coordinating of FPU, booking for NTT lines, any other business.***
- ***Comfortable environment for 24 Hours duties.***
- ***Only embedded audio contents are acceptable by MTX.***

# Layout of working area



# Conceptual diagram

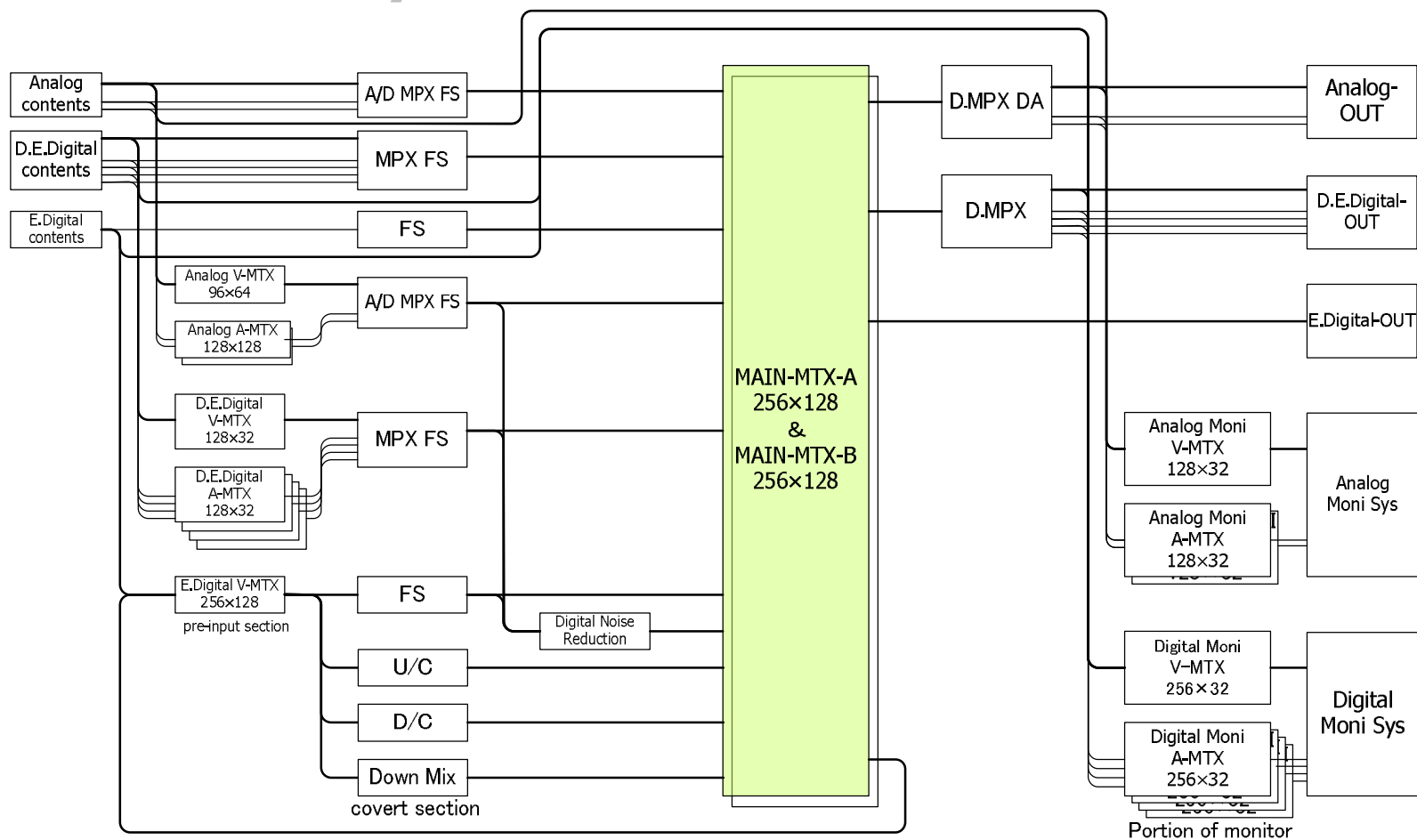
## Information management system





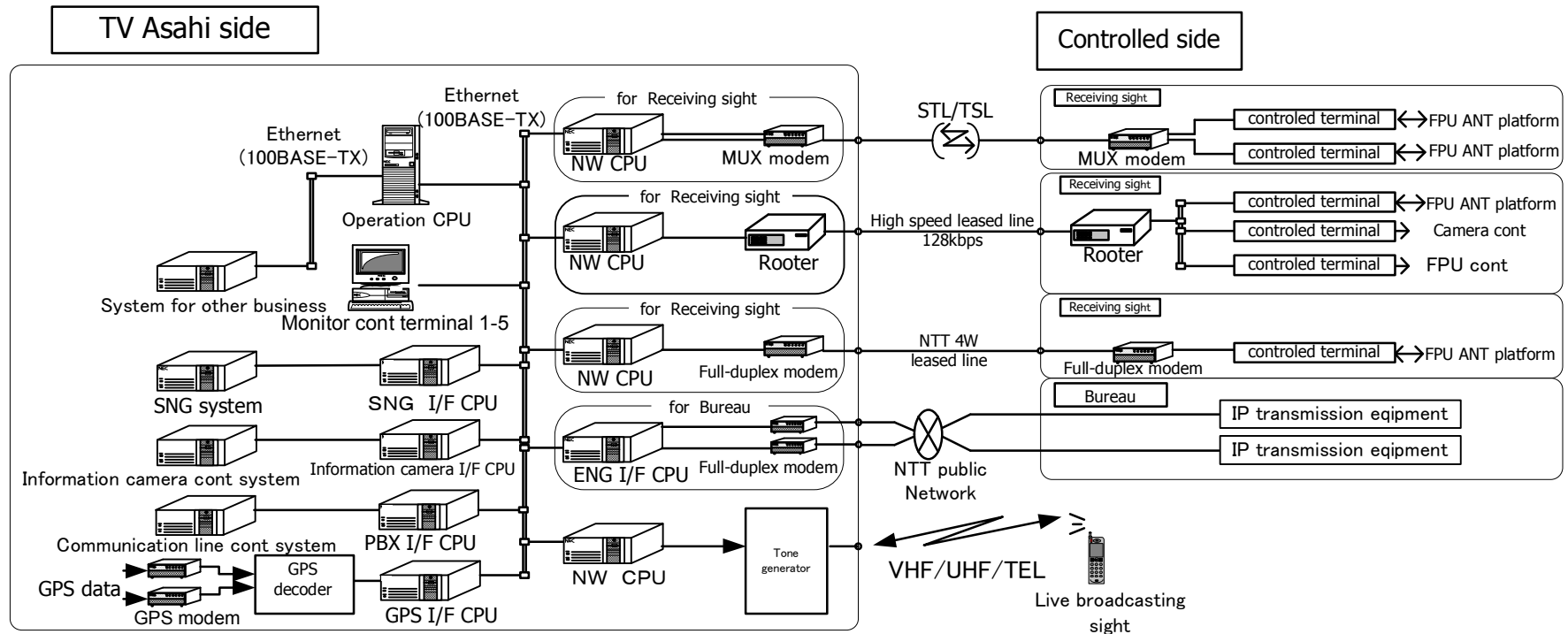
# Conceptual diagram

## Distribution system



# Conceptual diagram

## Control system network





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# ***Audio production***

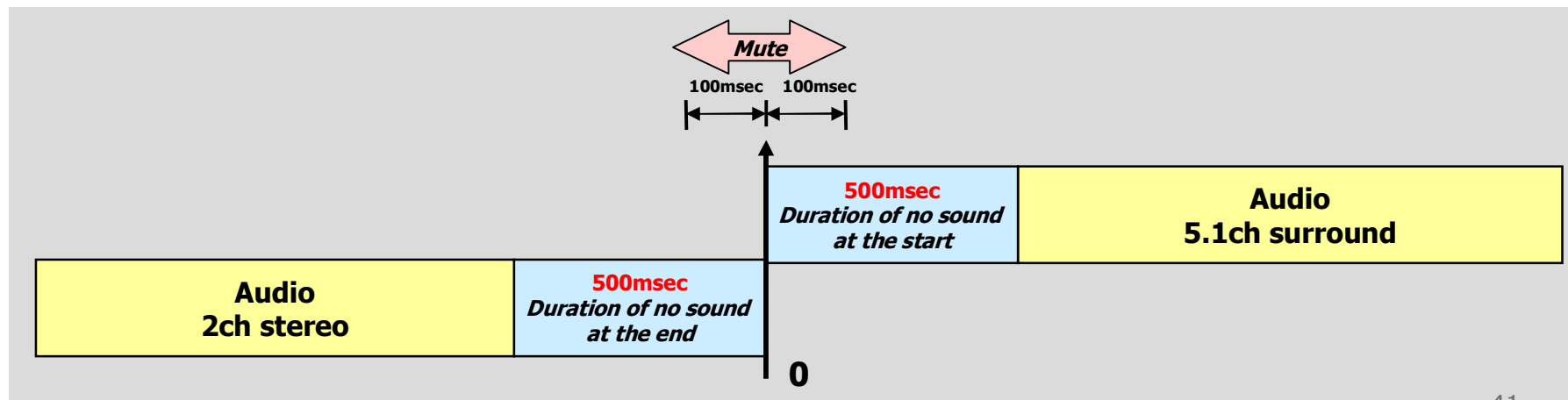
# ***Audio production concept***

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- **Audio signal in house is HD-SDI, Fs 48kHz/24bit 8ch embedded , equivalent to AES/EBU 4ch.**
- **Audio signal is transferred to every studios via delivery center.**
- **All studio audio mixers are acceptable 5.1ch surround audio, that means all studios are equipped 8ch surround monitors.**

## ***5.1ch/stereo switching audio failure***

- ***At the moment, audio switching takes 210msec of failure duration from stereo program to 5.1ch program or from 5.1ch program to stereo program.***
- ***To prevent the switching failure, master insert mute signal for 200 mSec , in addition TV Asahi established "Guideline of carrying in contents " in order to incapable receivers. Guidelines require the duration of no sound area at the start and end of broadcasting contents.***



# ***STL***

tv asahi



***TV Asahi***



***Tokyo Tower***

# Microwave

***For transmitting the television program from studio to transmission site, a transport stream studio-to-transmitter link (TS-STL) is primary used.***

***TS method is 64QAM modulated by ISDB-T format broadcasting TS signal.***

***This method gains the performance of less signal degradation.***



Transmitter power	0.5W/1W/2W
Frequency deviation	within $\pm 20$ ppm
Occupied bandwidth	below 7.6MHz
Modulation method	64QAM
Transmission rate	below 40.2Mbps

# ***Optical cable***

## ***STL via optical cable***

***Optical transmitter is available to transmit OFDM signal from studio to transmitter site via optical cable.***

- 10-200MHz Bandwidth.
- QAM, PSK or OFDM signal transmission is available.
- Long haul transmission - Optical loss budget is 25dB.
- Fully manageable through Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP).
- Having console port for setup and monitoring parameters.
- Web-GUI inside- Setup and monitoring parameters from usual Web-browser.



THE FURUKAWA ELECTRIC CO., LTD.



# ***Requirement of SFN relay station***

- ***To implement SFN relay station, following requirement must be met in order to establish synchronism between station-to-station.***

- ***IFFT sample frequency should be synchronized with the studio and the broadcasting station ,or among the broadcasting stations.***

- ***Synchronized methods are as follows;***

## ***1. Slave synchronization***

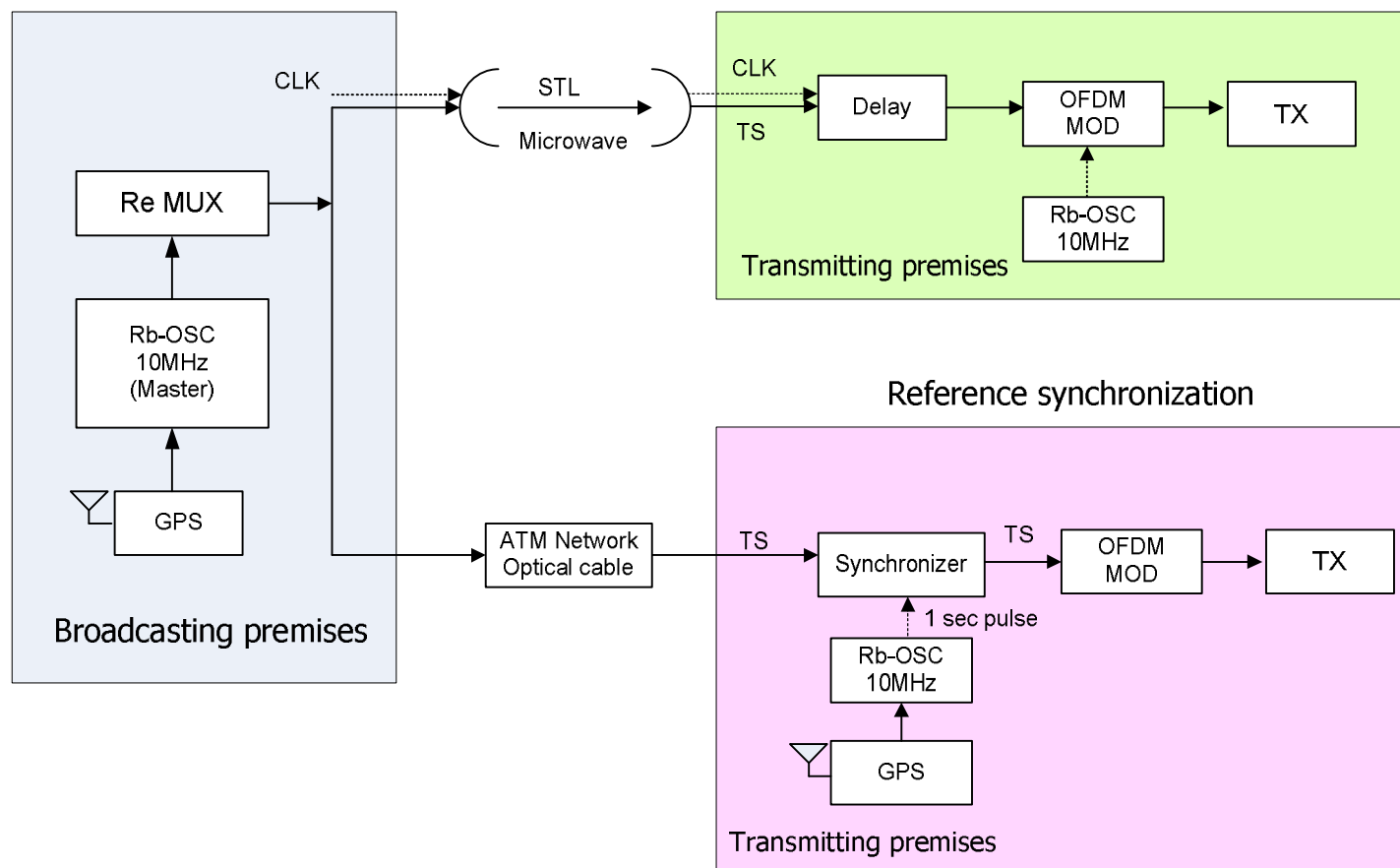
***The clock of modulator in each transmitter is synchronized to the clock of MUX in studio.***

## ***2. Reference synchronization***

***This method synchronizes the studio and all the broadcasting stations by GPS other than the terrestrial digital broadcast wave.***

# Synchronized methods

Signal format: 204 byte broadcasting TS format





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# ***Digital television broadcasting optical fiber network***

## ***Digital television broadcasting network***

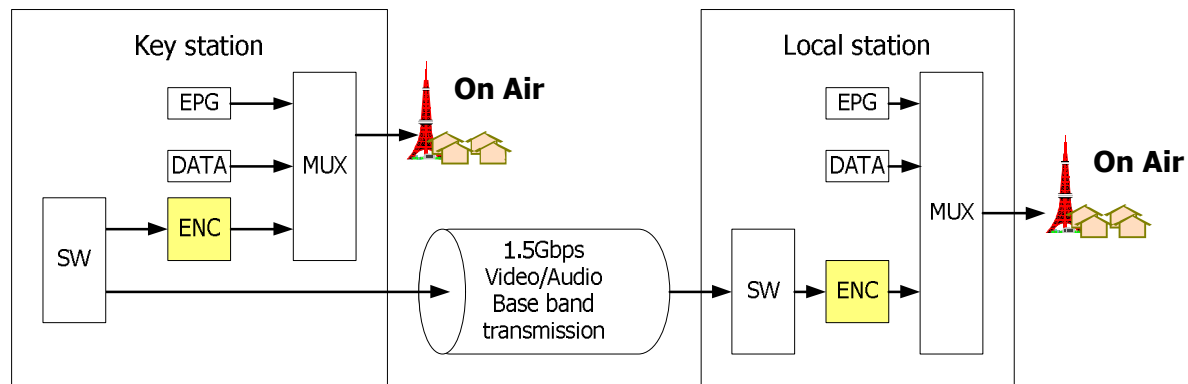
***The National Association of Commercial Broadcasters in Japan (NAB) is an incorporated organization whose membership consists of commercial broadcasters in Japan.***

***To establish the infrastructure of the relay service from key station to affiliated network stations, NAB has nominated NTT communications (NTT Com) as main carrier in 2002.***

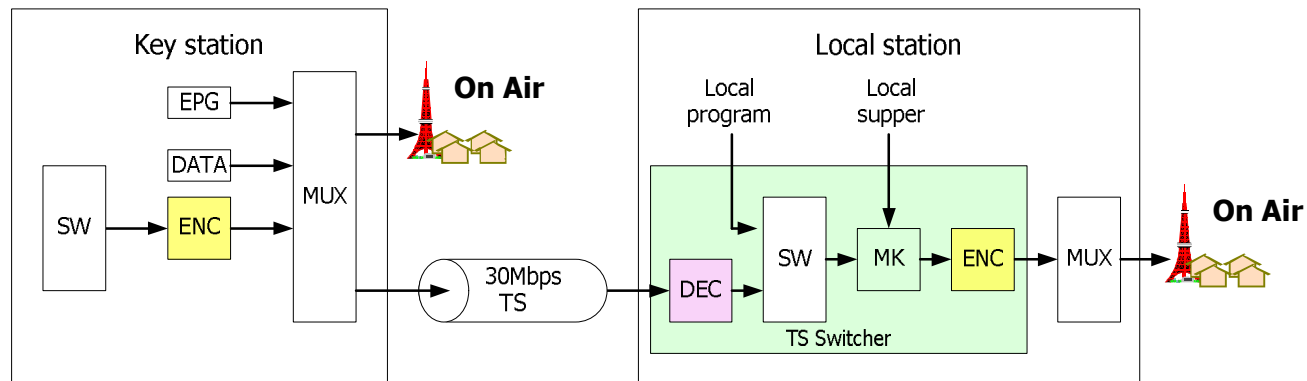
***NTT showed us the solution of "17Gbps backbone ATM network".***

# Digital television broadcasting network

Base band transmission



Broadcasting TS transmission



# ***Commercial broadcast requirement***

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- ❑ **Base band transmission: Commercial broadcasts**
  - Non-Compressed HD-SDI**
  - less delay**
  - network running cost ➡ High**
  - easy production**
- ❑ **Broadcast TS transmission: NHK**
  - Broadcast TS**
  - much delay**
  - network running cost ➡ Low**

# ***Service menu***

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***HD non-compressed HD-SDI 1.483Gbps***

***Audio signal is embedded :*** Fs 48kHz/24bit max 8ch , equivalent to AES/EBU 4ch

***SD non-compressed SD-SDI 425Mbps***

***Audio signal is embedded :*** Fs 48kHz/24bit max 8ch , equivalent to AES/EBU 4ch

***HD compressed HD-SDI 151Mbps***

***Audio signal is embedded :*** Fs 48kHz/24bit max 8ch , equivalent to AES/EBU 4ch

***NTSC non-compressed (analog) 143Mbps***

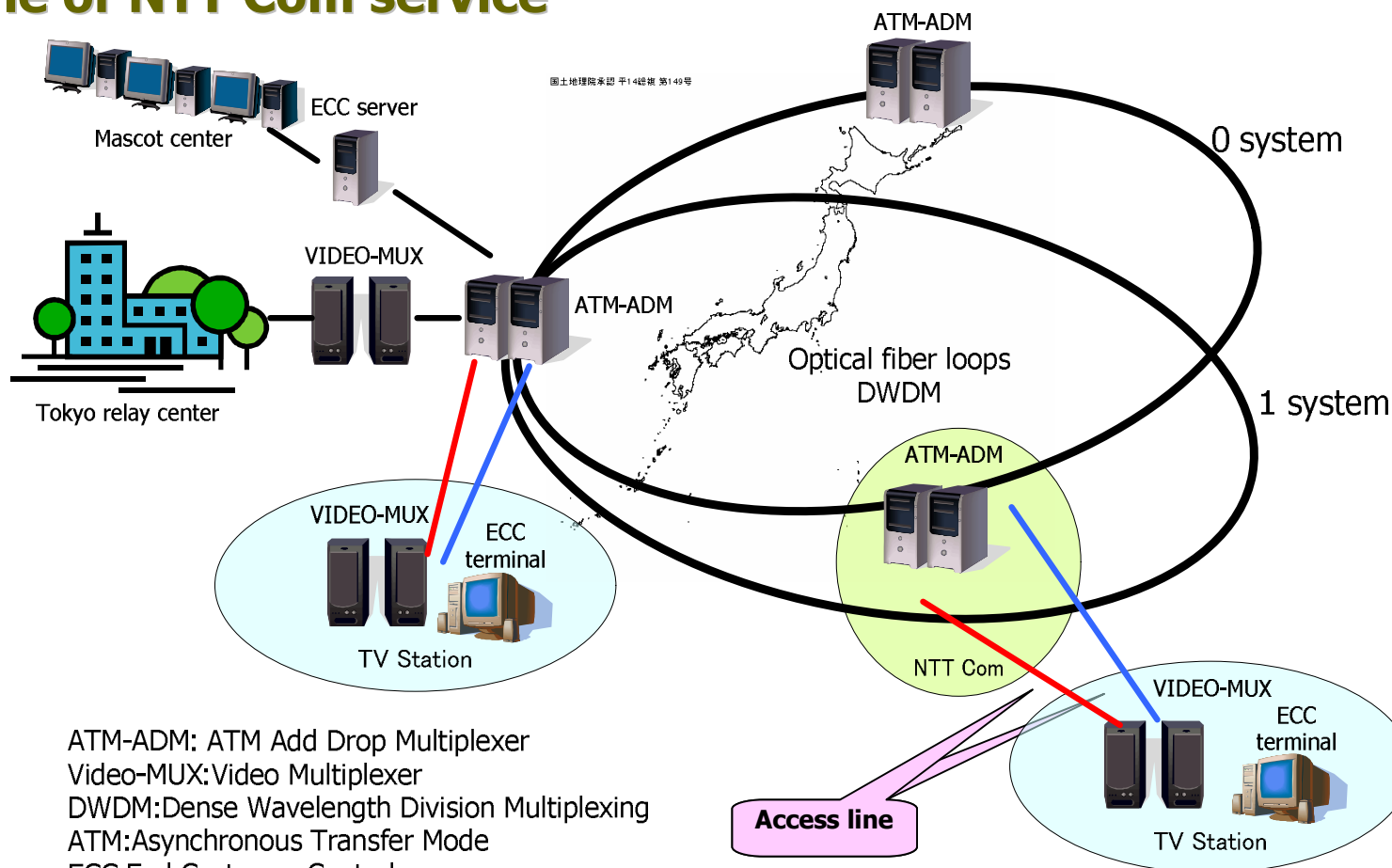
***NTSC compressed 61Mbps***

***DVB-ASI 120Mbps***

***DVB-ASI for data broadcasting 8Mbps***

# NTT Com service

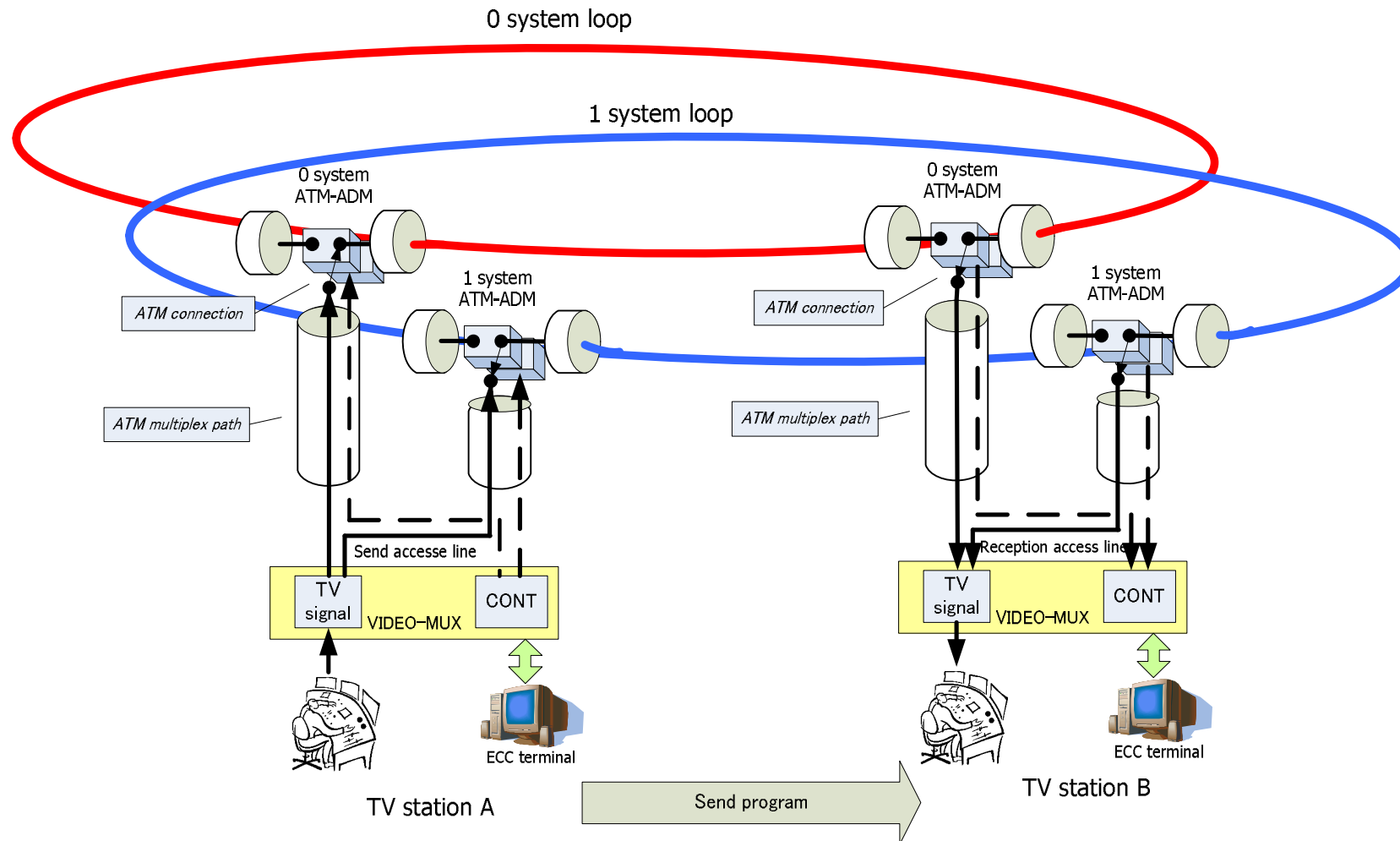
## Outline of NTT Com service



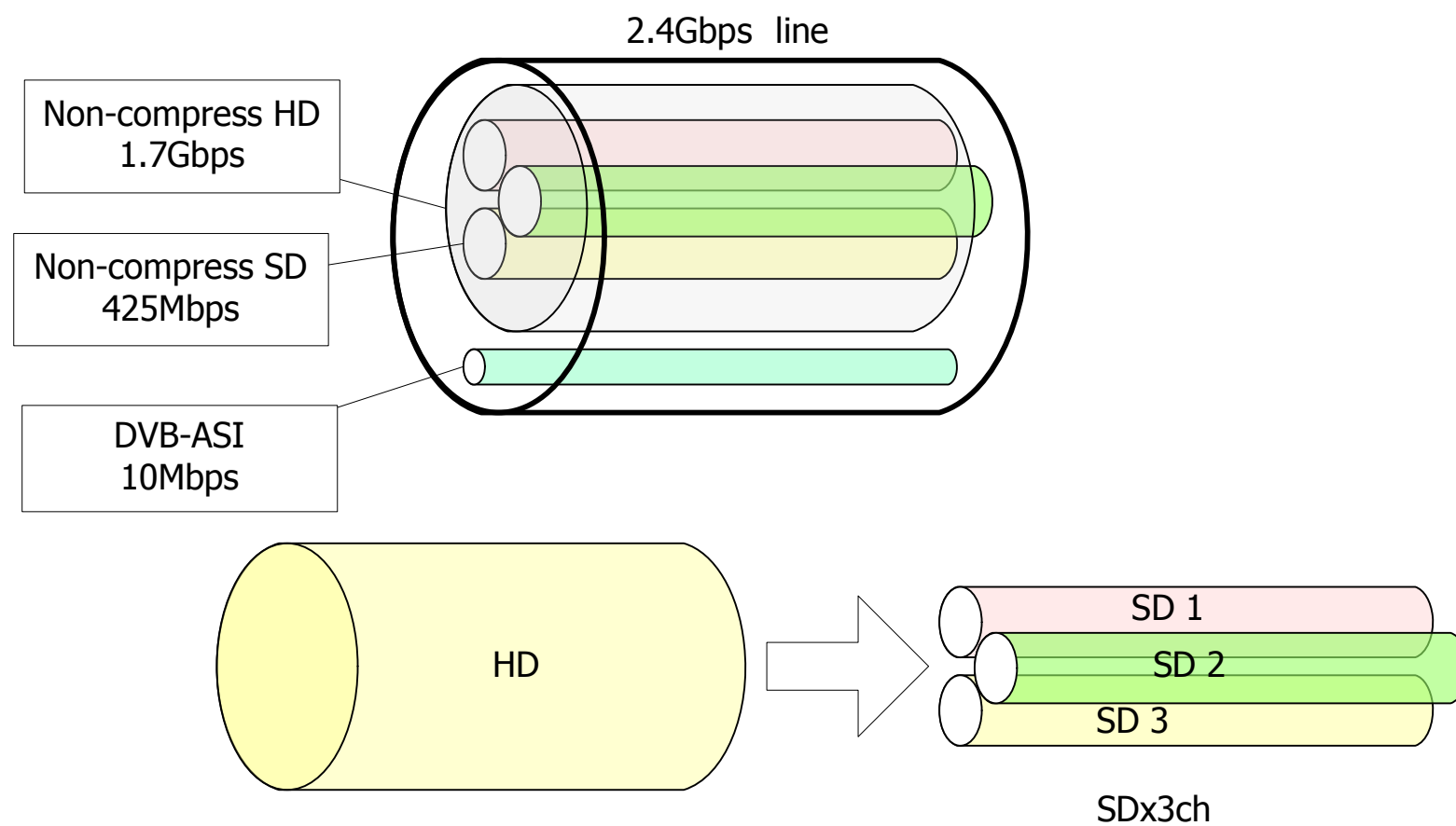
ATM-ADM: ATM Add Drop Multiplexer  
 Video-MUX: Video Multiplexer  
 DWDM: Dense Wavelength Division Multiplexing  
 ATM: Asynchronous Transfer Mode  
 ECC: End Customer Control  
 MASCOT: Digital-Multiplex Assignment & Control of Television Network



# Access line



# Accommodation concept



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***Thank you  
for your attention !  
END***

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