

Digital Terrestrial TV in Japan

Rapid growth and progress



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Topics

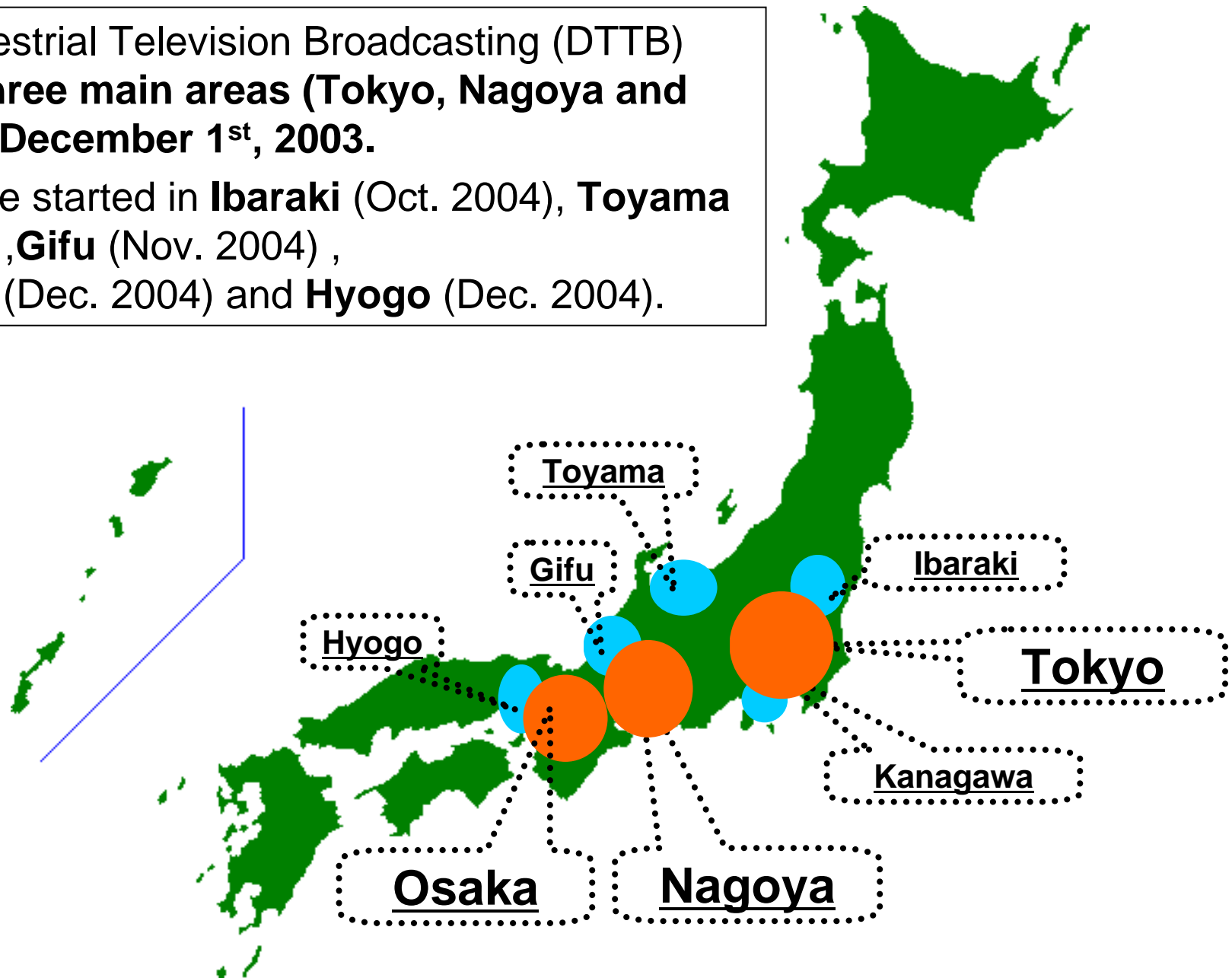
- 1. Update of Digital Terrestrial Television Broadcasting (DTTB) in Japan**
- 2. Policy and Strategy for DTTB**
- 3. Service Features of DTTB**
- 4. World Trend of DTTB**

Update of Digital Terrestrial Television Broadcasting in Japan

Service area of DTTB in Japan

Digital Terrestrial Television Broadcasting (DTTB) started in **three main areas (Tokyo, Nagoya and Osaka)** on **December 1st, 2003**.

DTTB will be started in **Ibaraki** (Oct. 2004), **Toyama** (Oct. 2004), **Gifu** (Nov. 2004), **Kanagawa** (Dec. 2004) and **Hyogo** (Dec. 2004).



Population Coverage of DTTB in Japan

Approximately over **12 million** households
(**25%** of total household in Japan)

Expansion of population coverage (households)

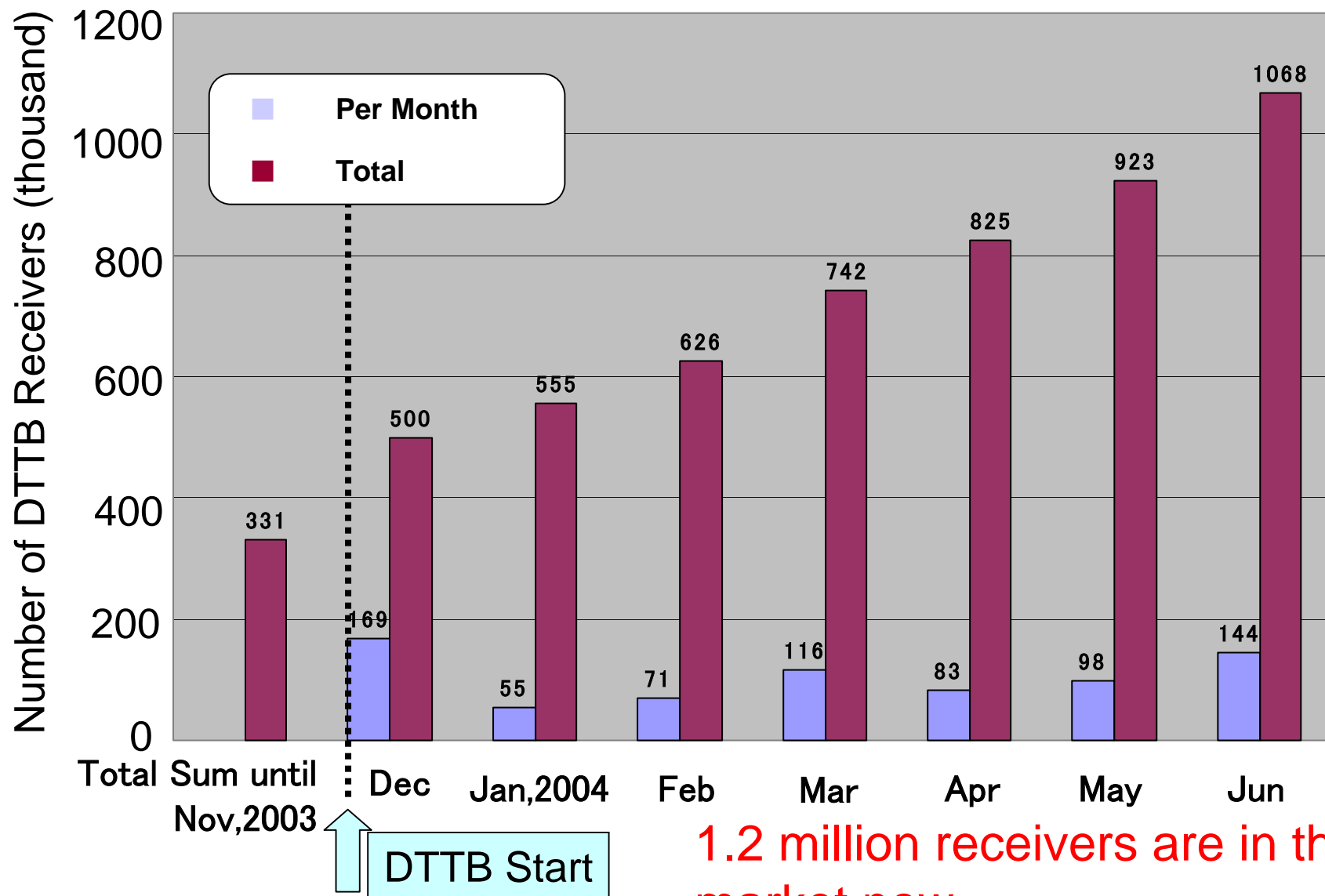
2004 17 million (35%)

2005 23 million (48%)

2006 available at all prefectures (80%)

Number of potential households via CATV networks
7 million households in total

Rapid increase of DTTB Receiver Shipment



1.2 million receivers are in the market now

Digital TV Products

Plasma
PDP



HITACHI



SONY



Panasonic



Pioneer



Victor-JVC



SANYO



TOSHIBA

Digital TV Products

LCD



Panasonic



SONY



SHARP



TOSHIBA



Victor JVC



SANYO



MITSUBISHI



HITACHI

Digital TV Products

CRT



Panasonic



SONY



mitsubishi



TOSHIBA

STB type



SONY



Panasonic

More manufactures are entering the market!

All-in one DTTB Receiver

1.2 million of DTTB receiver are All-in one DTTB receivers

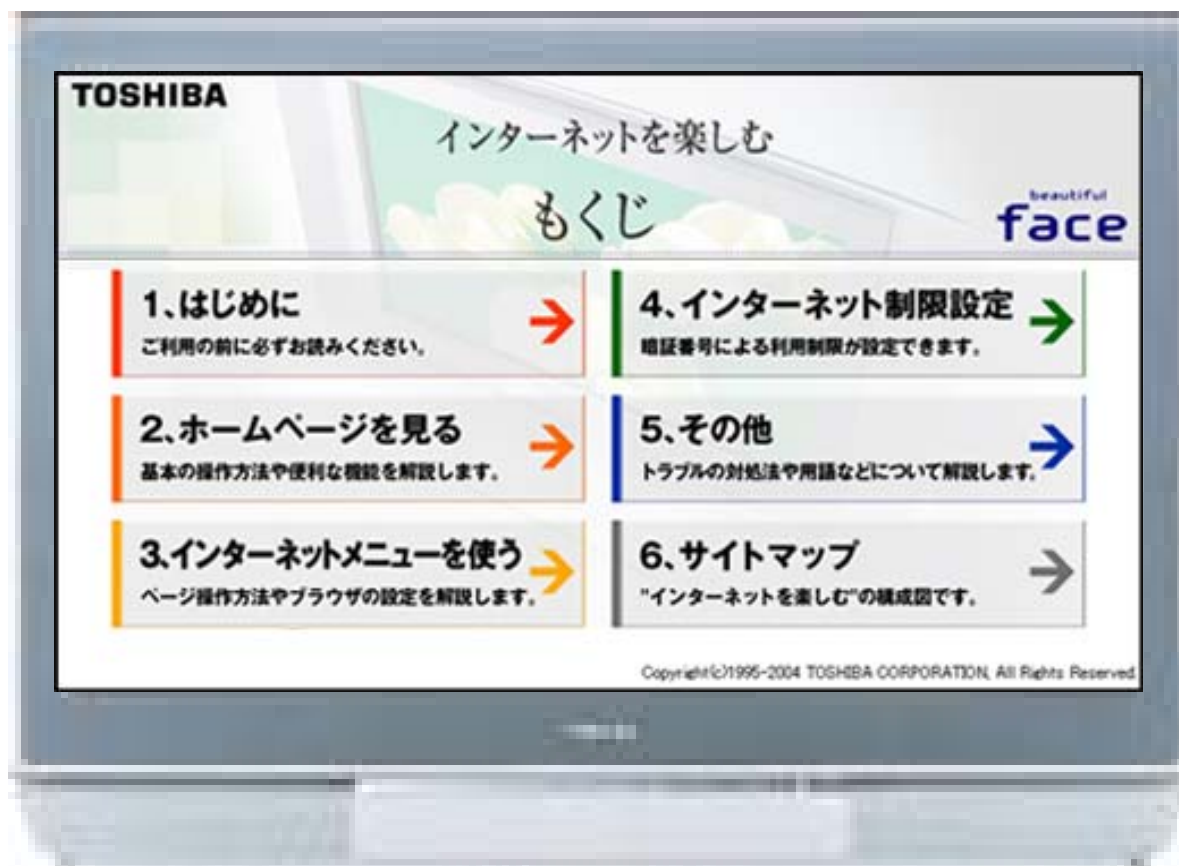
- Equipped with Digital Terrestrial and Satellite Tuner
- Compatible with HDTV (1080i)
- Equipped with Data Broadcasting decoder
- Capability to connect Network

Some models have internet web browsing function

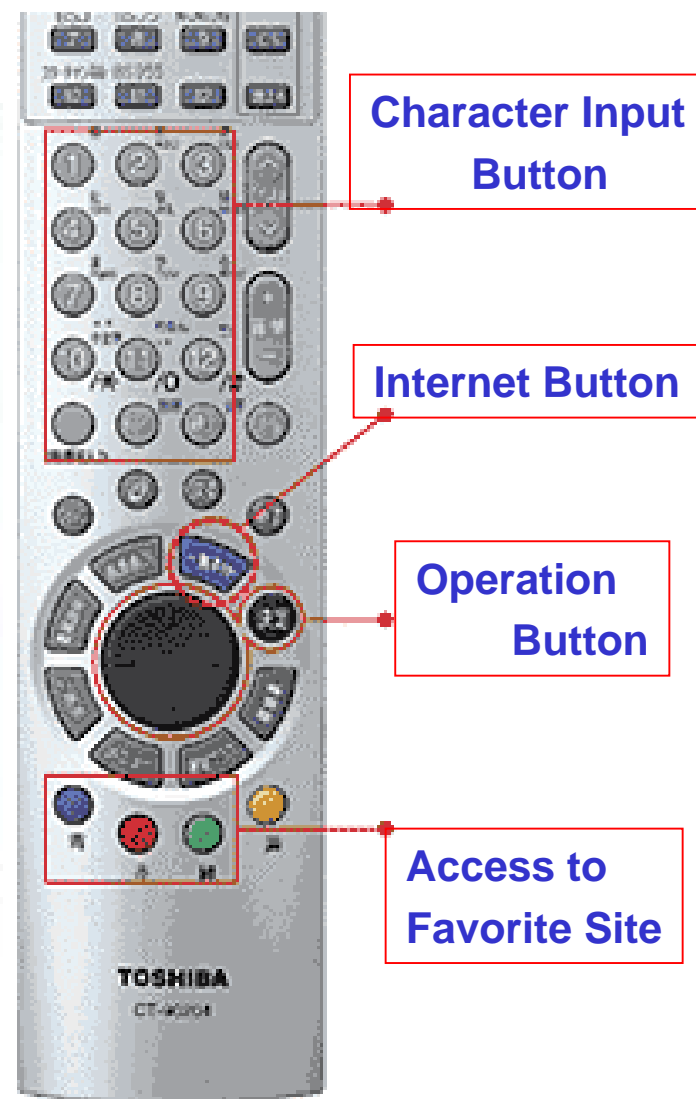
In addition, more than **3 million of HDTV ready TV** (HDTV display without digital tuner) are in the market

Example of Internet TV

Portal Site



TOSHIBA



Example of Internet Function

Internet Screen

One Screen Mode



Internet Screen



TV Mode



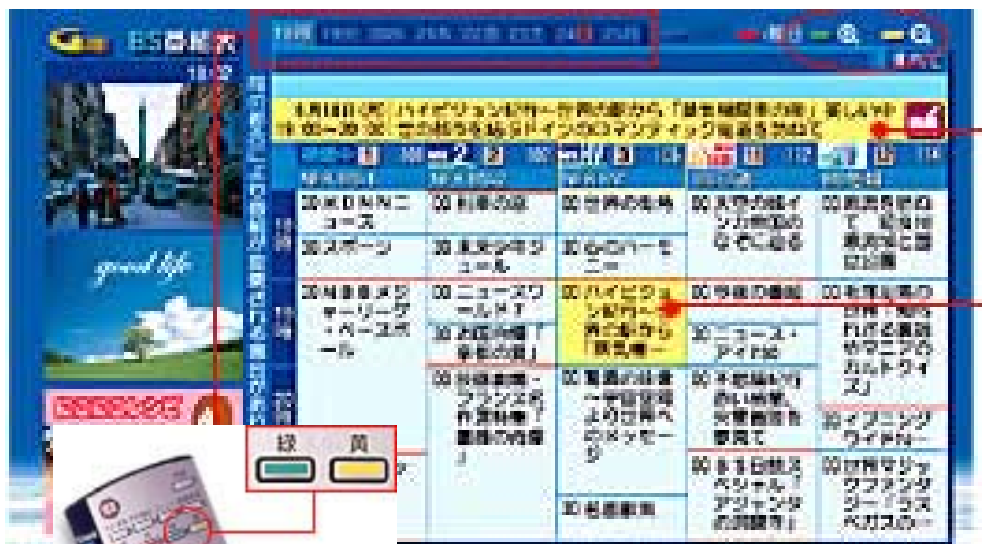
Two (TV + Internet) Screen Mode

TOSHIBA

Example of Internet TV

EPG and T-navi Portal Site

T-navi: dedicated sites for TV internet viewers



Panasonic

Example of Internet TV

T-navi Menu List



NEWS



Travel



Shopping

Panasonic

Example of Digital TV Product



1920x1080 full HDTV resolution LCD display



Digital HDTV recorder (HDD+DVD) with digital TV tuner

SHARP

Example of Digital TV PC Product



EPG enables to record TV program to PC

NEC

PC with DTTB tuner card

Example of Product (CATV Digital STB)

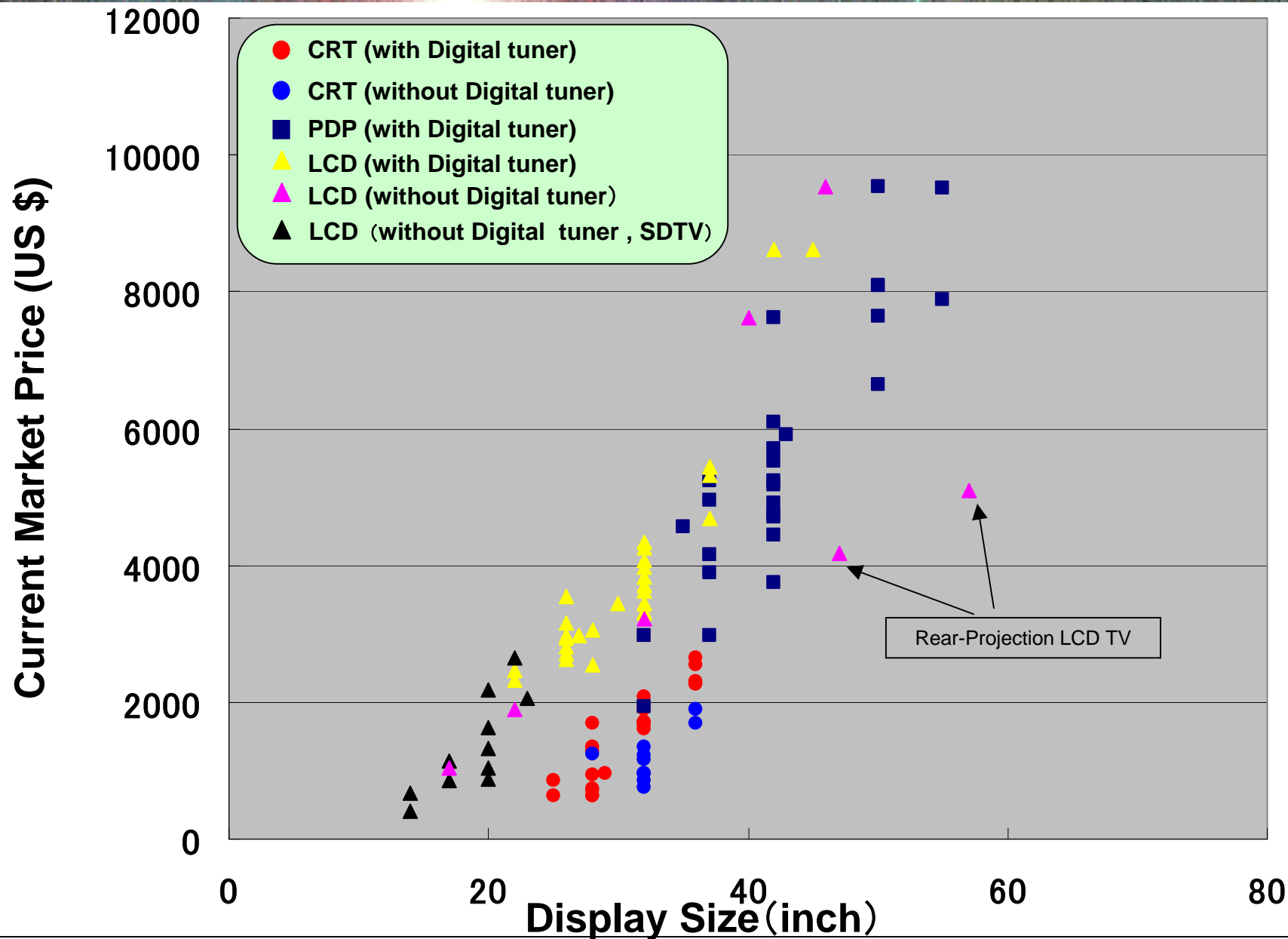


DTTB is broadcasted by CATV with 64QAM transmodulation.

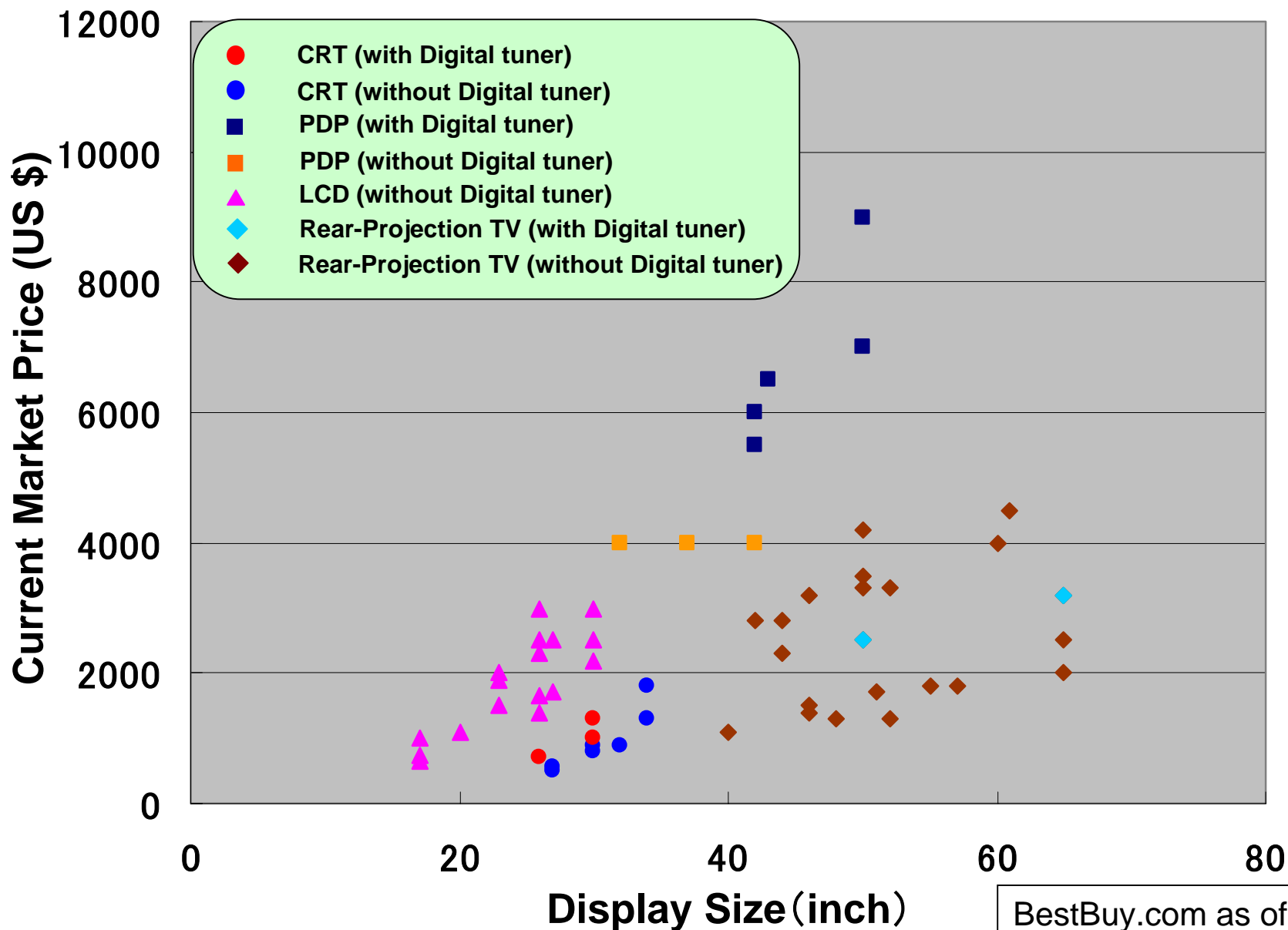
30 million digital STB sets are in the market

Panasonic

Price Trends of HDTV Receiver in Japan

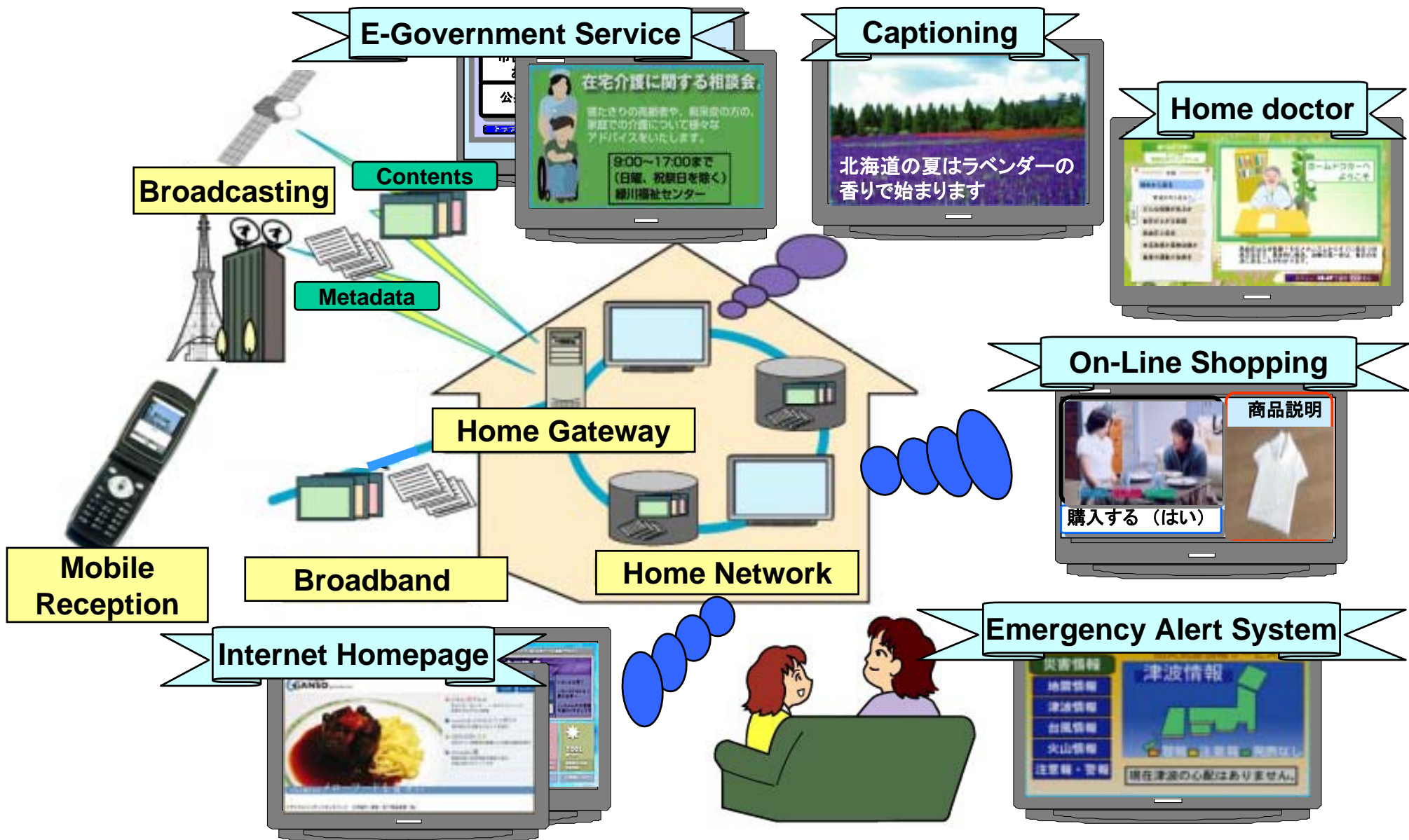


Price Trends of HDTV Receiver in USA



Digital TV

~ Home gateway to the ICT society ~

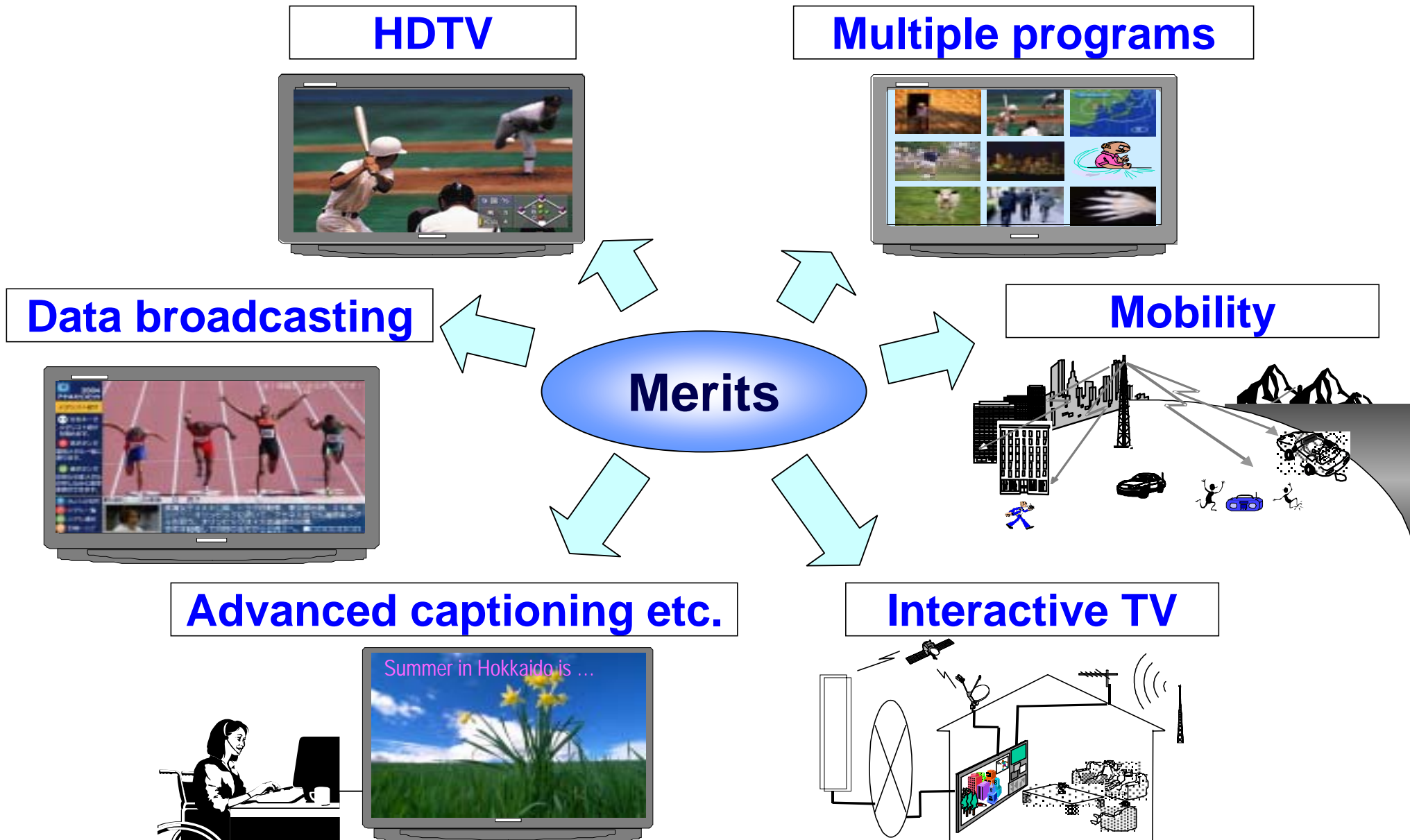


Policy and Strategy for DTTB

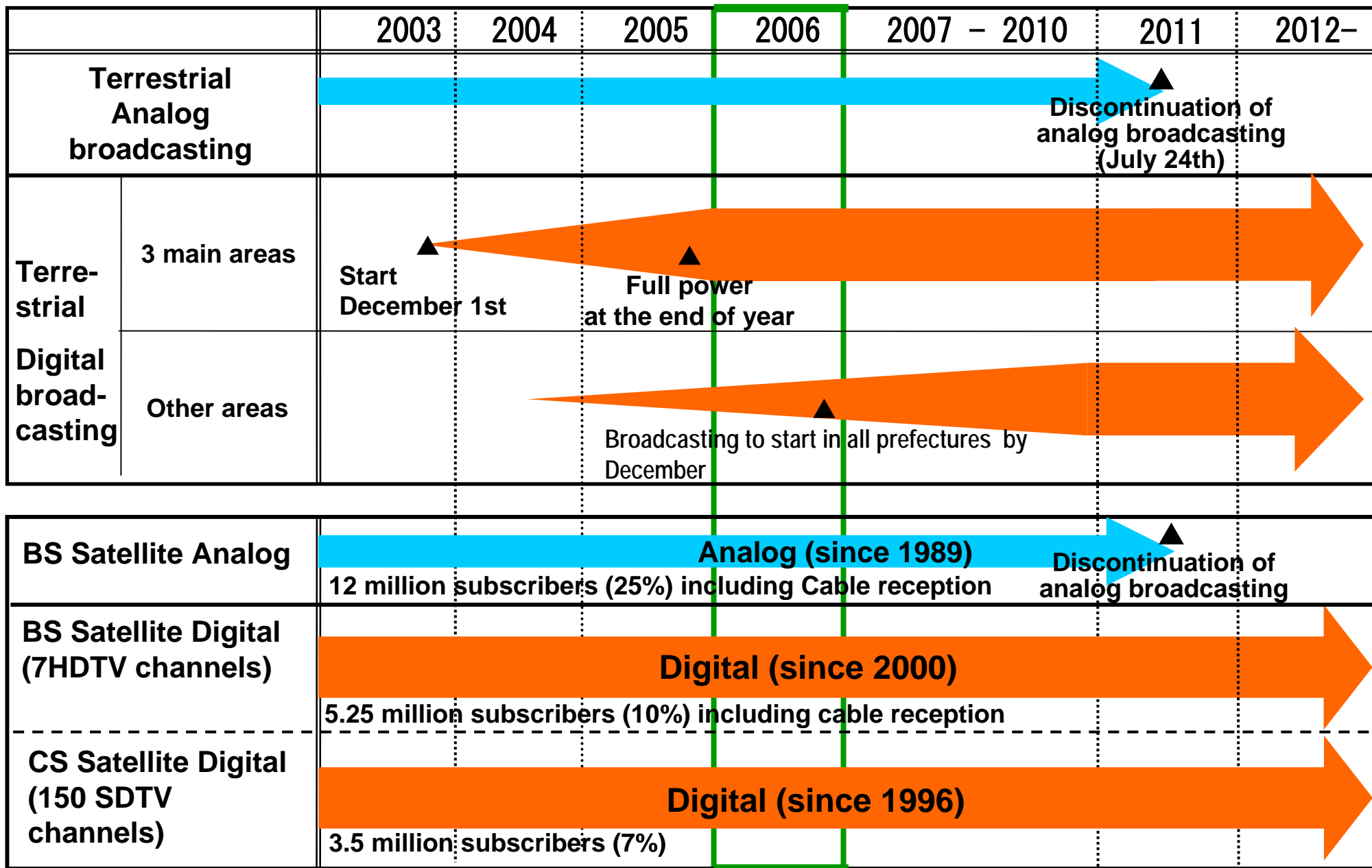
Policies and Bottleneck for DTTB

- Assign 6MHz channels for incumbent terrestrial broadcasters
- Simulcast of Analog, but something more values ; i.e. HDTV, SDTV multichannels, datacast, etc
- Different and additional value more than satellite digital TV (SDTV more channel)
- Digital Television set as integrated home information terminal
- Massive reallocation of existing relay station channels

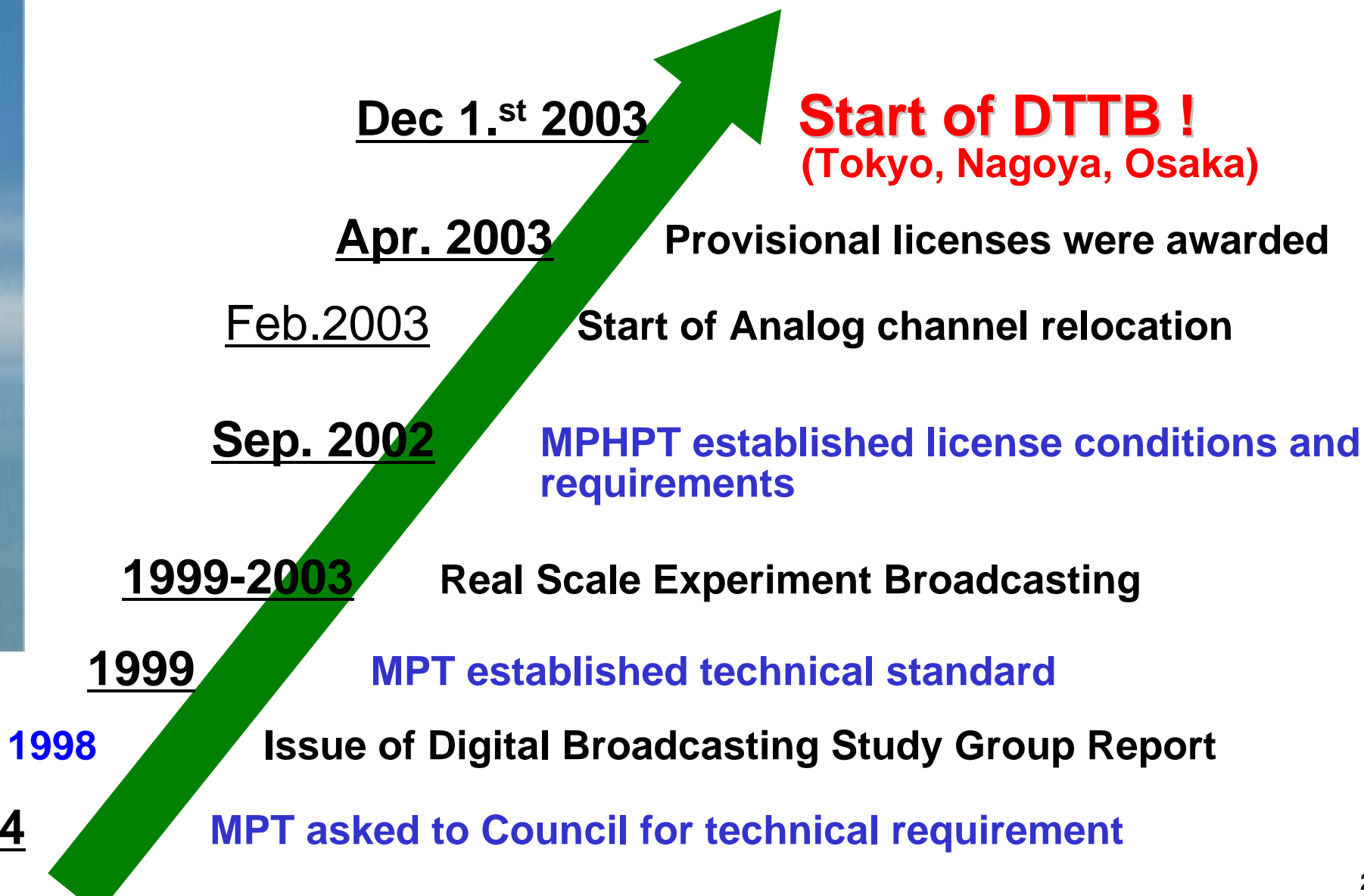
Example of New lifestyle for Viewers



Schedule for Digital Broadcasting in Japan



Implementation Schedule of Digital Terrestrial Television Broadcasting in Japan



Conditions and Requirements for DTTB licensee in Japan

- **Over 2/3 simultaneous as analog per day**
- **HDTV is more than 50% of all programs**
- **Broadcasting using subtitles and commentary**
- **Covered same areas as analog**
- **Updating the receiver's by data broadcast**

Expansion of DTTB services

- **Dec. 1st 2003: Start of Digital Terrestrial Television Broadcasting (DTTB) in Japan (Tokyo, Osaka, Nagoya)**
- **Population coverage of DTTB (households)**
 - Now: 12 million (25%)
 - 2004 17 million (35%)
 - 2005 23 million (48%)
 - 2006 available at all prefectures
- **The number of shipment DTTB receivers**
1.068 million sets as of June 2004

Strategy to promote DTTB

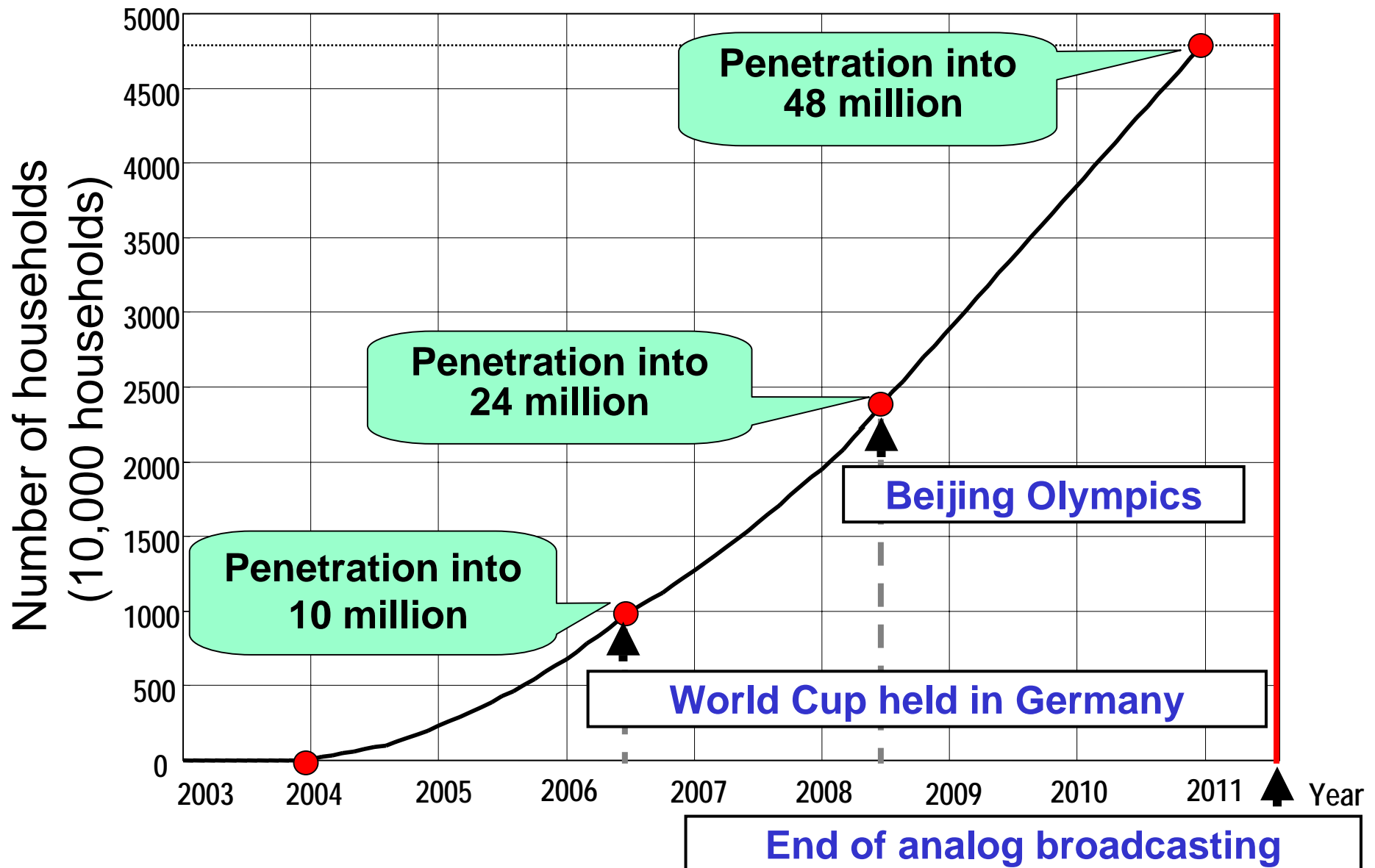
- End of Analog Broadcasting; July 2011 mandated by Radio Law
- Replace analog receiver into digital by the time
- Need of collaborative work among government, broadcasters and industry
- Promote DTTB receivers
- DTV as integrated home information terminal

Action Plan to Promote DTTB

Decision of the "DTTB promotion conference (Oct 31th 2003)

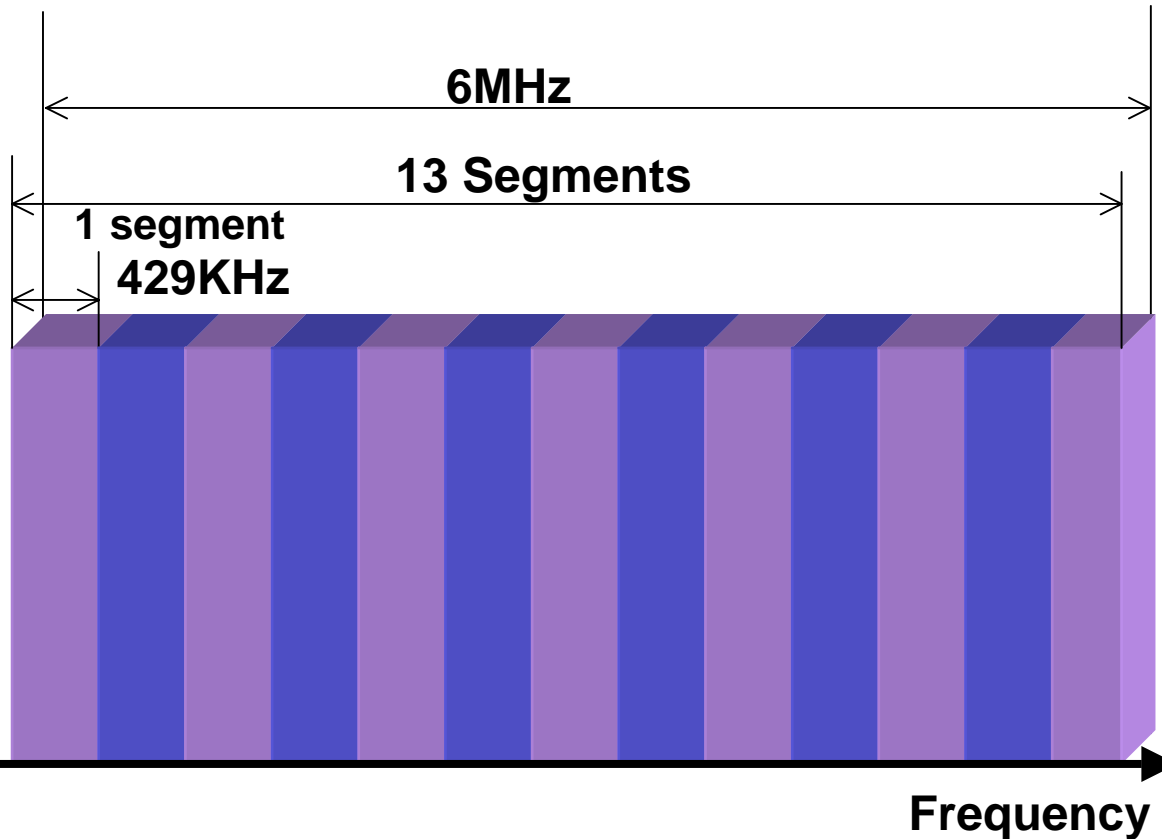
- **Set objectives for the penetration of DTTB receivers including cable reception**
- **Set objectives for expansion in the coverage rate of digital broadcasting in the three main areas (Tokyo, Osaka, Nagoya)**
- **Action items for government, broadcasters, manufactures, retailers**

Objectives for the penetration of terrestrial digital broadcasting receivers (households)



ISDB-T system

Band Segmented OFDM : Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing

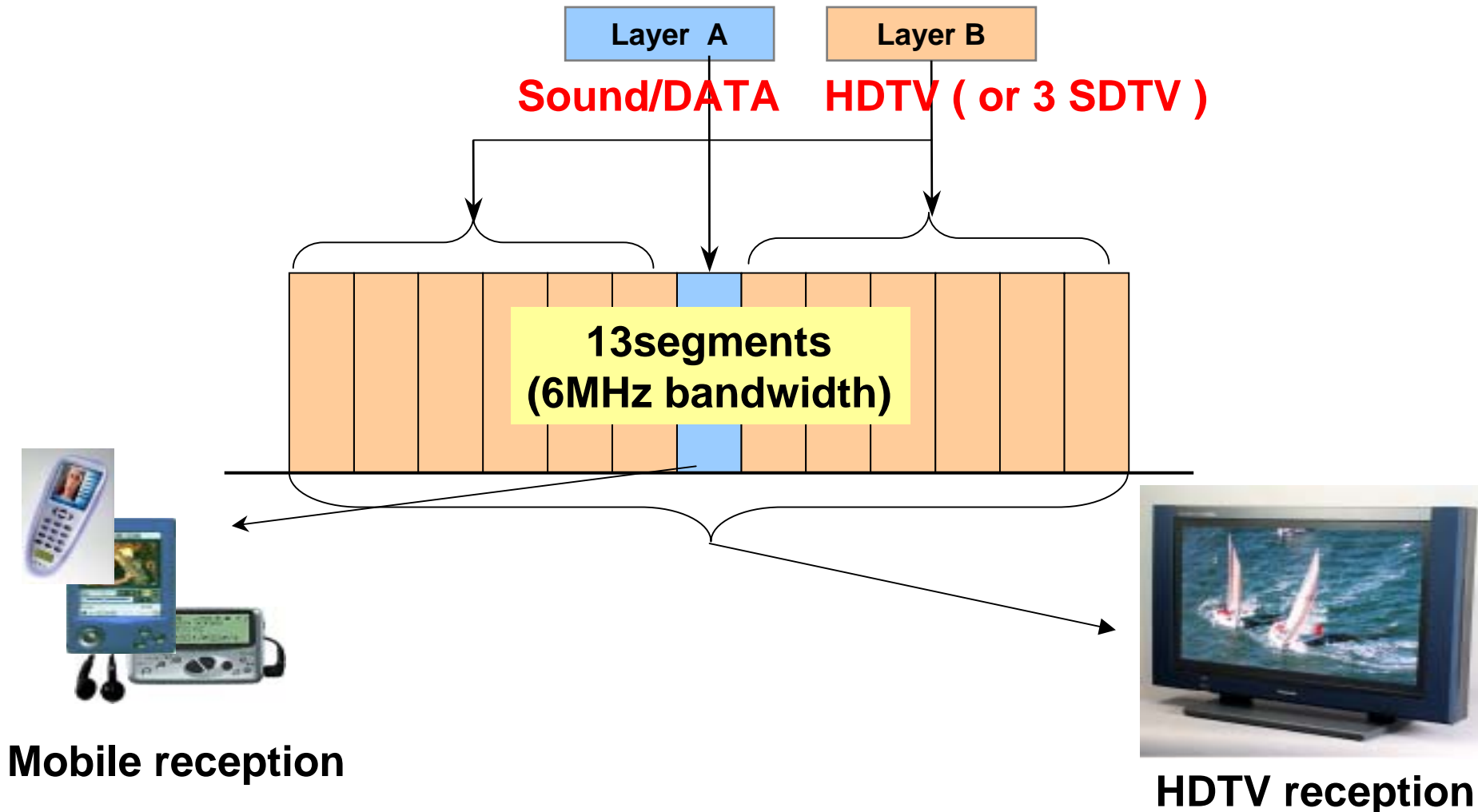


Features

- Modulation: DQPSK, QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM
- 1HDTV or 3 SDTV/channel
- Net data rate:
23.42Mbps (6MHz)
- Single Frequency Network
- Mobile reception
(time interleaving)

Segmented Structure and Partial Reception

HDTV + mobile reception within one 6MHz channel



DTTB Standards

Technical Standards for DTTB

ARIB STD-B32 image encoding, sound encoding and multiplexing formats

established
2001.5

ARIB STD-B24 Data broadcasting encoding formats and transmission formats

1999.10

ARIB STD-B25
Restricted reception formats

1999.10

ARIB STD-B10
Program lineup information

1997.6

ARIB STD-B31
transmission formats

2001.5

ARIB STD-B21
receiver device

1999.10

ARIB TR-B14 Terrestrial TV
operation specification

2002.1

ARIB:

**Association of Radio
Industries and Businesses**

**Private standardization
body in Japan**

Service Features of DTTB

HDTV as thruster of digital TV

● High- Definition programs



Pure HDTV: produced by HDTV
1080i format

- NHK provides pure HDTV more than **90%** of all programs in the three metropolitan Area.

Prime time : more than **90%**

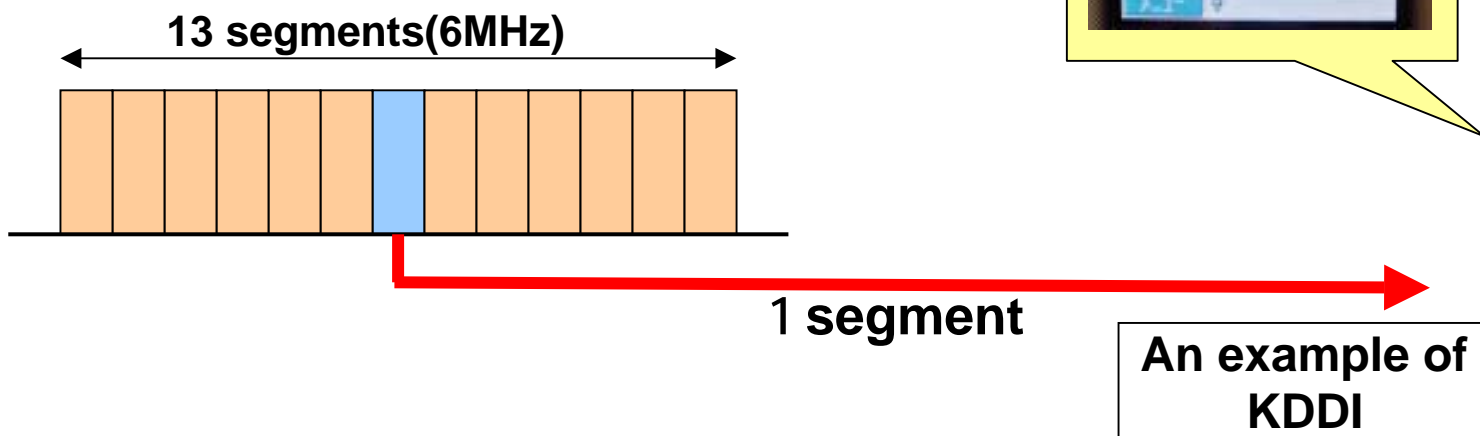
- Commercial Network stations provide pure HDTV about **50%** of all programs in Tokyo Area.

Prime time : more than **50%**

Broadcasting to Portable Terminals

Example :

modulation 16QAM
code ratio 1/2
guard interval 1/4
bit rate 630 kbps



TV program

BML DATA



Prototype of Mobile Phone receiver (May, 2004)

Implementation Schedule toward portable reception of DTTB

- **Video compression system: MPEG4 AVC/H.264**
- **Patent agreed in March 2004**
- **Prototype receivers already developed by manufactures**
- **Service will start in late 2005**
- **TV viewing on Cellular phone while commuting**

HDTV mobile reception (1)



HDTV Broadcasting



Data Broadcasting

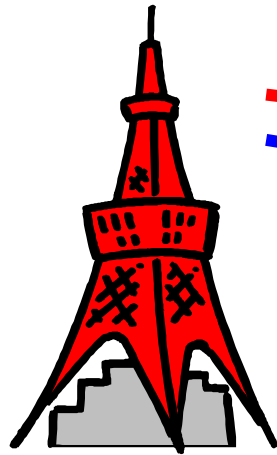


Demonstration will be provide at ITS World Conference in Oct. 2004 in Nagoya

HDTV mobile reception (2)

Broadcasting station

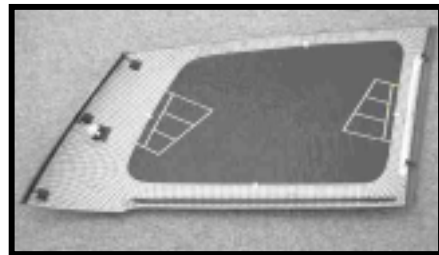
HDTV mobile reception for bigger screen in buses and trains



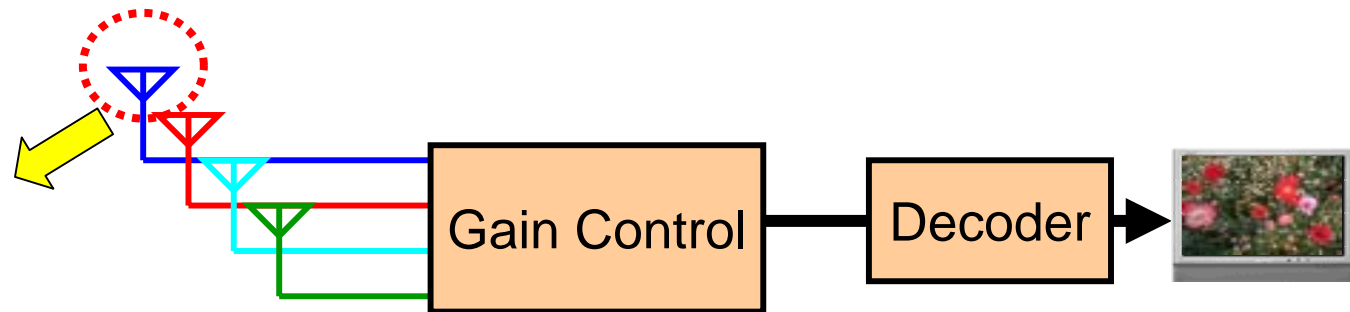
Direct Wave

Reflection Wave

Mobile Receiver



Adaptive Array Antenna
on the vehicle's window



Antenna Gain Control Technique

Data Broadcasting

All DTTB Broadcasters and BS Broadcasters providing
Data broadcasting (datacast) now

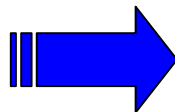
Program related information
Weather information

Anytime news
Report of sports game etc,

Currently the description language is BML format

Based on

XHTML



BML

Functions for
Broadcasting

XHTML

Features

Easy creation of contents

**Facilitate convergence
of internet**

Additional capability

Example for Data Broadcasting (1)

Top menu



Example for Data Broadcasting (2)

Weather news

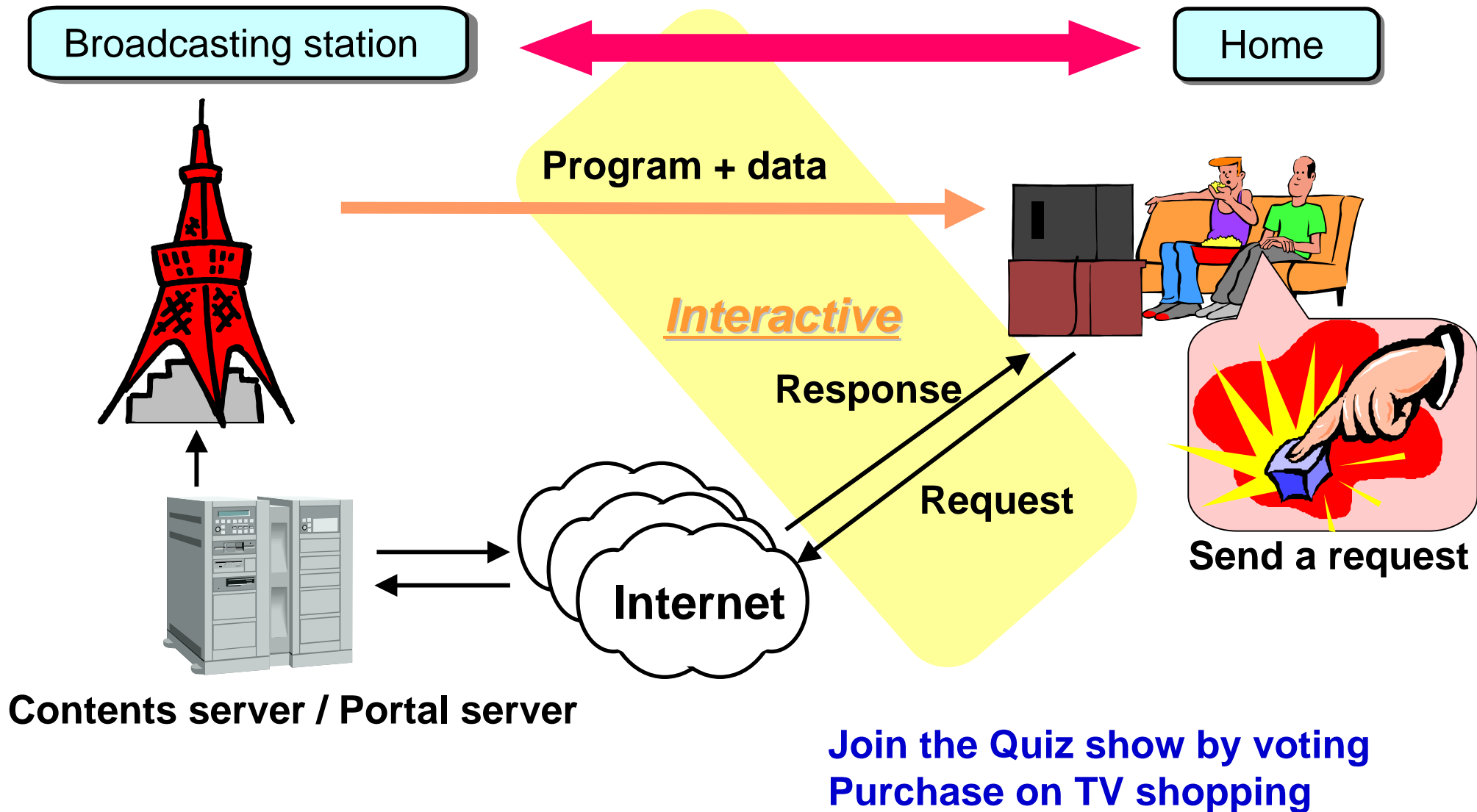


Example for Data Broadcasting (3)

Program related data



Interactive Broadcasting



Interactive data service

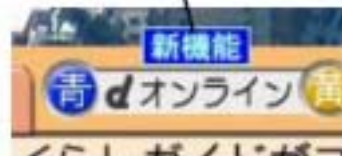
NHK Data Online service available from April 2004



Top menu of Data broadcasting

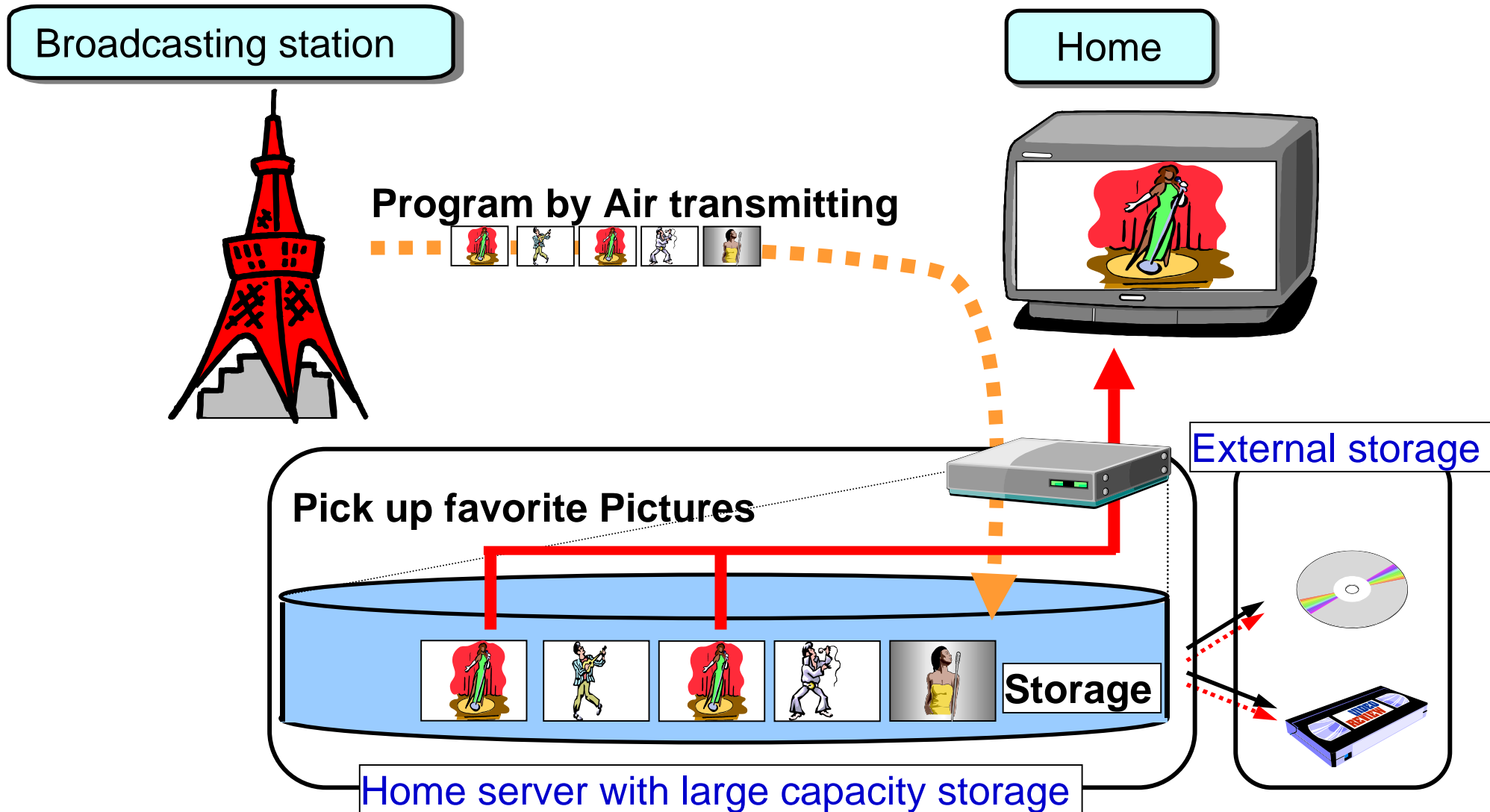


NHK Data Online image



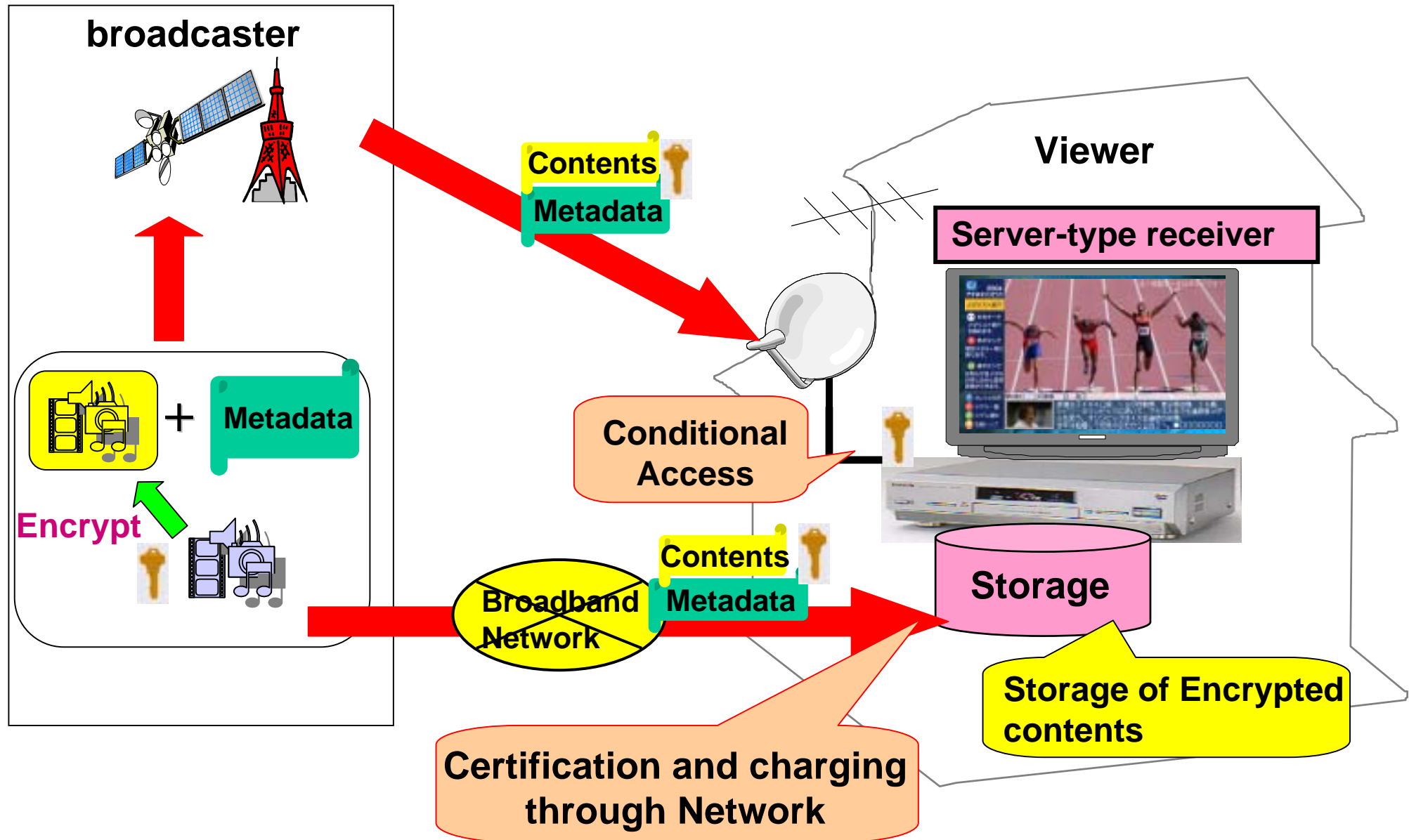
Access to NHK Data server

Server-type Broadcasting System



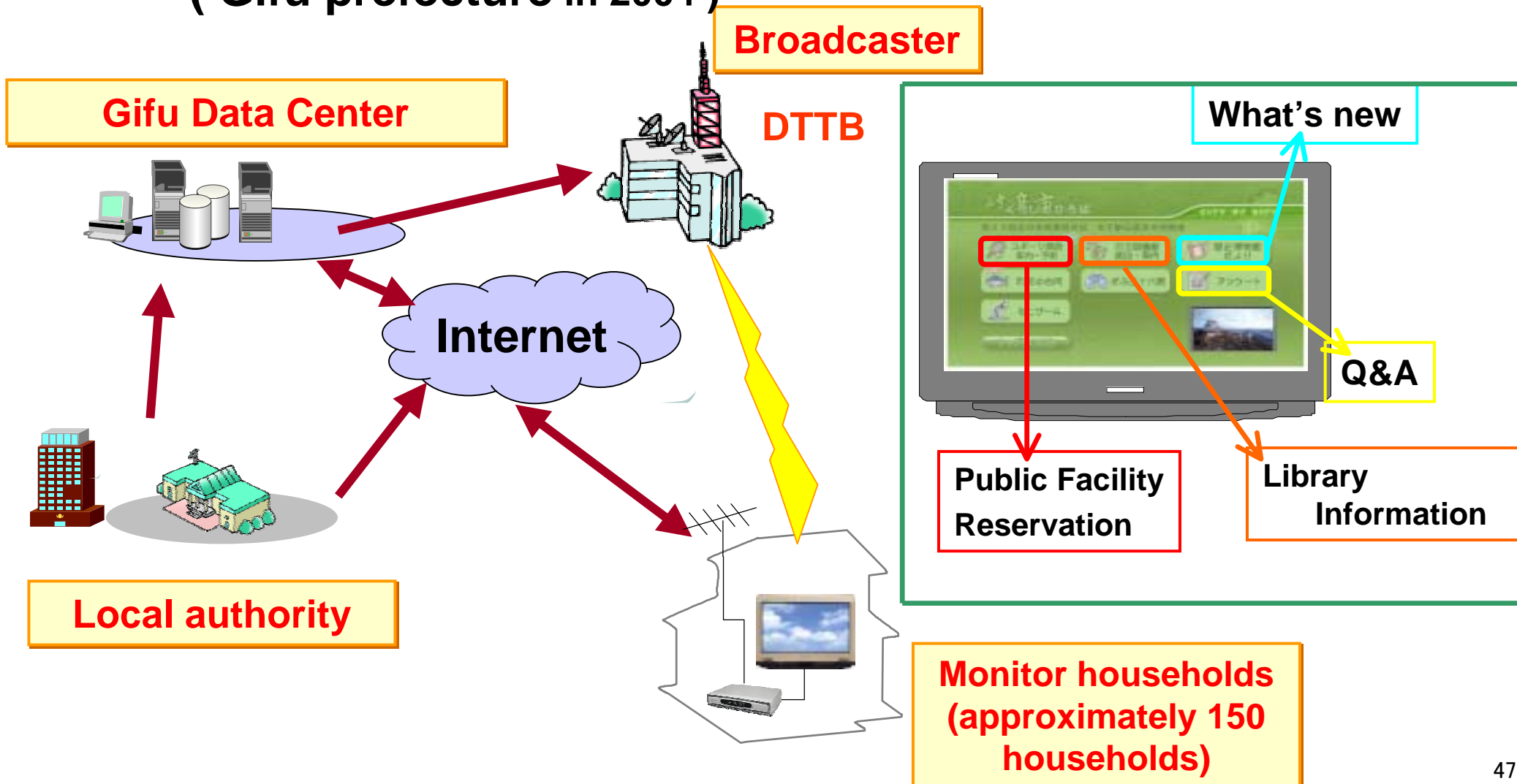
Service coming soon

System model of Server-type broadcasting

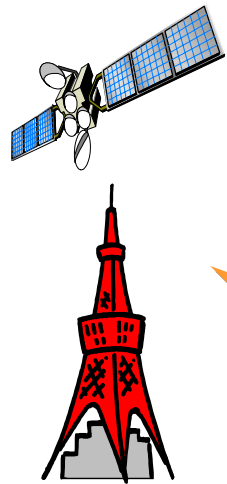


E - government service trial using DTTB

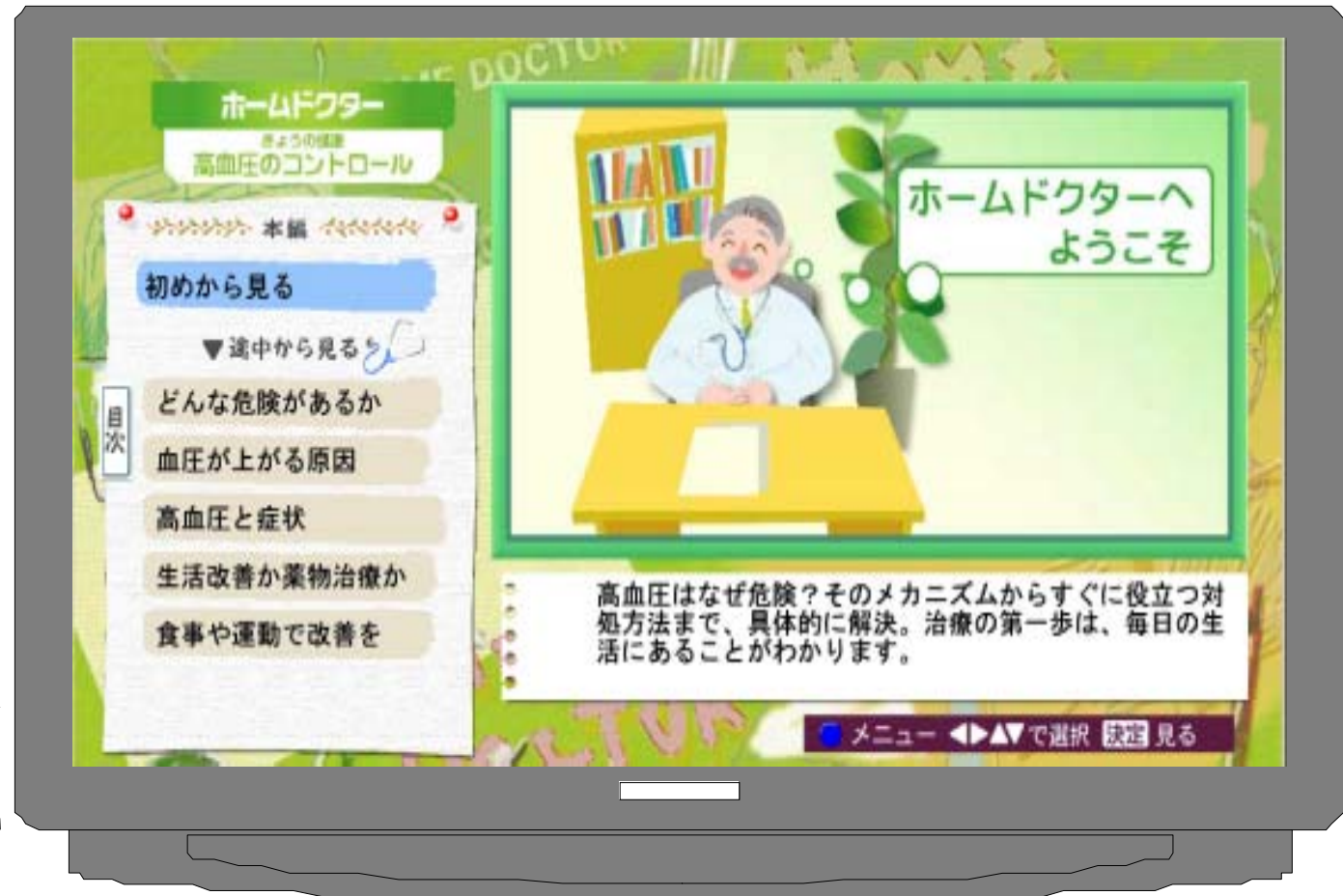
Local governmental information service
using datacast of DTTB
(Gifu prefecture in 2004)



Home doctor by Digital Broadcasting



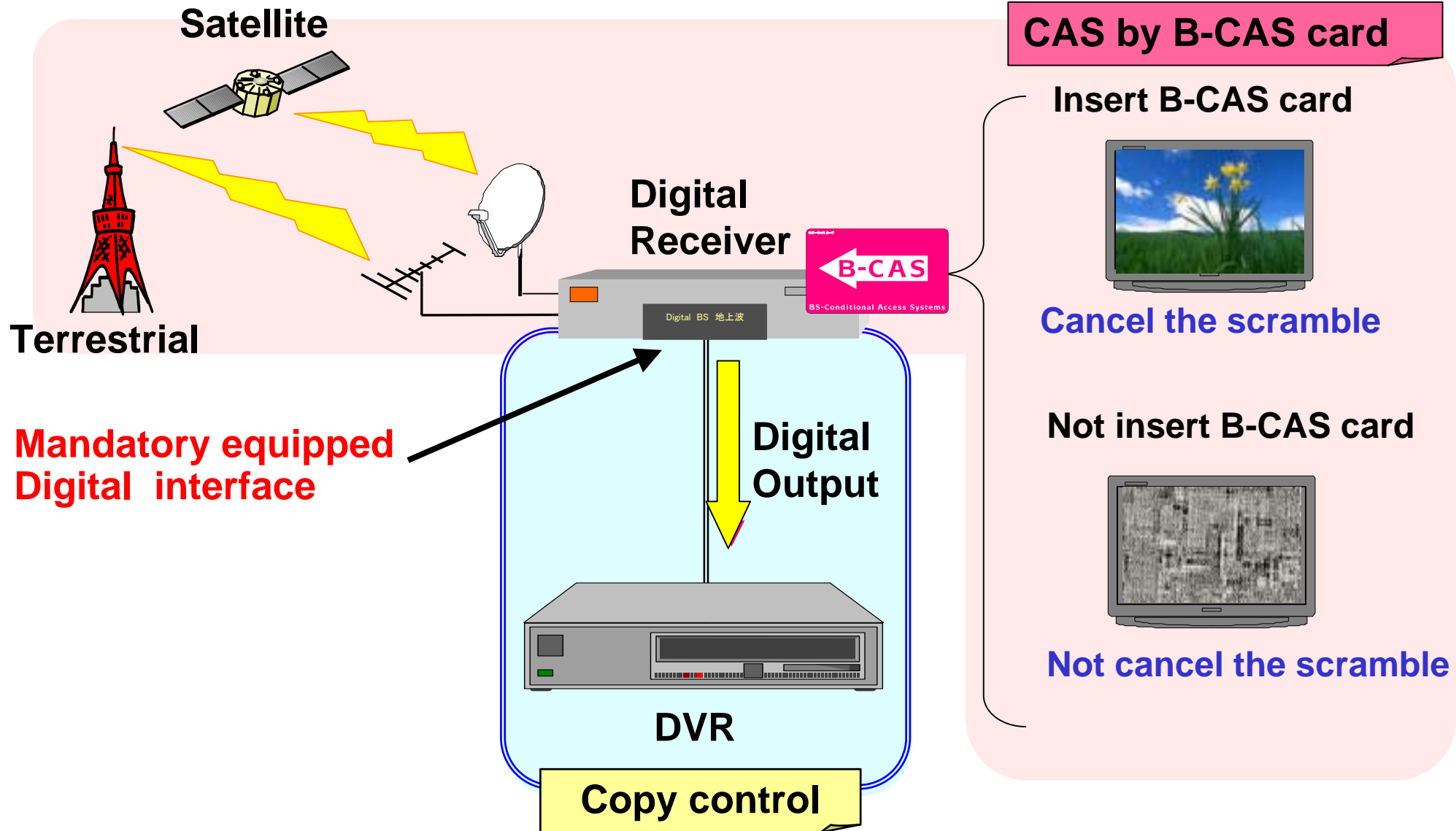
Internet



<Home doctor>

- Programs received by broadcasting wave
- Personal information received by Internet

Content Protection



In operation from April 2004

World Trend of DTTB

Digital Terrestrial TV in the World

	EU	Asia Pacific
	UK, Germany, Sweden, Finland, Spain etc.	USA, Canada, Australia, Korea, Japan
Regulatory framework	New license -Multiplex -Program (4-6 programs in 1 multiplex)	Give 6(7)MHz to incumbent analog operators Simulcast requirement
Services	Pay TV or Free to air More channels, no HDTV STB	Free to air HDTV Integrated digital TV set
System	DVB-T	ATSC (USA, Canada, Korea) ISDB (Japan) DVB-T (Australia)

HDTV as mainstream of digital TV

country	HDTV requirement and service
USA	No mandatory requirements Major terrestrial TV network started HDTV in primetime Satellite and cable operators started HDTV service
Canada	Market driven but emphasis on HDTV in CRCT licensing policy in 2002 Satellite, Cable and terrestrial TV providing HDTV
Australia	HDTV requirement: 20 hours per week, from July 2003 (including up-converted HDTV)
Korea	HDTV requirement: 14 hours per week for pure HDTV
Japan	HDTV requirement: more than 50% (including up-converted HDTV) NHK-G providing 90% pure HDTV

Summary

- Digital Terrestrial TV should have more values than multi-channels; i.e. pure HDTV, datacast, interactive service, mobile reception.
- All Digital Terrestrial TV broadcasters are providing such services
- All in one HDTV sets are available in the market as thrusters of digital market.
- 1.2 million of HDTV sets with digital tuners are in the market. Furthermore, 0.3 million digital cable STB, more than 3 million HDTV without digital tuners. The largest penetration in the world
- Collaborative work among government, broadcasters, industry to promote DTTB

Reference

Obrigado

MPHPT http://www.soumu.go.jp/joho_tsusin/eng/

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